Audited Financial Statements and Other Financial Information

Town of Livermore Falls, Maine

June 30, 2020



Proven Expertise & Integrity

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JUNE 30, 2020

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Selectboard Town of Livermore Falls Livermore Falls, Maine

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Livermore Falls, Maine, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020 and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town of Livermore Falls, Maine's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Livermore Falls, Maine as of June 30, 2020 and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, pension and OPEB information on pages 4 through 12 and 66 through 71 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Town of Livermore Falls, Maine's basic financial statements. The Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Budgetary Basis - Budget and Actual - General Fund Revenues, Schedule of Departmental Operations - General Fund, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and capital asset schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Budgetary Basis - Budget and Actual -General Fund Revenues, Schedule of Departmental Operations - General Fund, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and capital asset schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and related directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Budgetary Comparison Schedule -Budgetary Basis - Budget and Actual - General Fund Revenues, Schedule of Departmental Operations - General Fund, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and capital asset schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated February 14, 2023, on our consideration of the Town of Livermore Falls, Maine's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Town of Livermore Falls, Maine's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

RHR Smith & Company

Buxton, Maine February 14, 2023

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2020

(UNAUDITED)

The following management's discussion and analysis of the Town of Livermore Falls, Maine's financial performance provides an overview of the Town's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. Please read it in conjunction with the Town's financial statements.

Financial Statement Overview

The Town of Livermore Falls' basic financial statements include the following components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also includes required supplementary information which consists of the general fund budgetary comparison schedule, schedule of proportionate share of the net pension liability, schedule of contributions - pension, schedule of proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, schedule of contributions and other supplementary information which includes combining and other schedules.

Basic Financial Statements

The basic financial statements include financial information in two differing views: the government-wide financial statements and the fund financial statements. These basic financial statements also include the notes to financial statements that explain in more detail certain information in the financial statements and also provide the user with the accounting policies used in the preparation of the financial statements.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements provide a broad view of the Town's operations in a manner that is similar to private businesses. These statements provide both short-term as well as long-term information in regards to the Town's financial position. These financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. This measurement focus takes into account all revenues and expenses associated with the fiscal year regardless of when cash is received or paid. The government-wide financial statements include the following two statements:

The Statement of Net Position - this statement presents *all* of the government's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources with the difference being reported as net position.

The Statement of Activities - this statement presents information that shows how the government's net position changed during the period. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows.

Both of the above-mentioned financial statements have separate columns for the two different types of town activities. The types of activities presented for the Town of Livermore Falls are:

- Governmental activities The activities in this section are mostly supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (federal and state grants). Most of the Town's basic services are reported in governmental activities, which include general government, public safety, public works, transfer station, buildings, library, grounds care, recreation, general assistance, insurance, education, other and program expenses.
- *Business-type activities* These activities are normally intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and/or charges to external users for goods and/or services. These activities for the Town of Livermore Falls include the sewer fund.
- Component units The Livermore Falls sewer treatment plant is included as part of the "Component Units".

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Town of Livermore Falls, like other local governments uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with financial related legal requirements. All of the funds of the Town of Livermore Falls can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and proprietary funds.

Governmental funds: Most of the basic services provided by the Town are financed through governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported in governmental activities in the governmentwide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, the governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources. They also focus on the balance of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information will be useful in evaluating the government's near-term financing requirements. This approach is known as the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this approach, revenues are recorded when cash is received or when susceptible to accrual. Expenditures are recorded when liabilities are incurred and due. These statements provide a detailed short-term view of the Town's finances to assist in determining whether there will be adequate financial resources available to meet the current needs of the Town.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of governmentwide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental funds balance sheet and the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities. These reconciliations are presented on the page immediately following each governmental fund financial statement.

The Town of Livermore Falls presents two columns in the governmental funds balance sheet and the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances. The Town's major governmental fund is the general fund. All other funds are shown as nonmajor and are combined in the "Other Governmental Funds" column on these statements.

The general fund is the only fund for which the Town legally adopted a budget. The Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Budgetary Basis - Budget and Actual - General Fund provides a comparison of the original and final budget and the actual expenditures for the current year.

Proprietary Funds: The Town of Livermore Falls maintains one proprietary fund, the sewer fund. This fund is used to show activities that operate more like those of commercial enterprises. Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. Like the government-wide financial statements, proprietary fund financial statements use the accrual basis of accounting. No reconciliation is needed between the government-wide financial statements.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the Government-Wide and the Fund Financial Statements. The Notes to Financial Statements can be found following the Statement of Cash Flows -Proprietary Funds.

Required Supplementary Information

The basic financial statements are followed by a section of required supplementary information, which includes a Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Budgetary Basis - Budget and Actual - General Fund, Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, Schedule of Contributions - Pension, Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability, Schedule of Contributions - OPEB and Notes to Required Supplementary Information.

Other Supplementary Information

Other supplementary information follows the required supplementary information. These combining and other schedules provide information in regards to nonmajor funds, capital asset activity and other detailed budgetary information for the general fund.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

Our analysis below focuses on the net position and changes in net position of the Town's governmental and business-type activities. The Town's total net position for governmental activities increased by \$51,997 from \$4,157,553 to \$4,209,550. The business-type activities increased by \$109,702 from \$384,599 to \$494,301.

Unrestricted net position - the part of net position that can be used to finance day-to-day operations without constraints established by debt covenants, enabling legislation or other legal requirements - decreased to a balance of \$2,048,488 at the end of this year for the governmental activities. The business-type activities unrestricted net position increased to a balance of \$560,883.

Table 1 Town of Livermore Falls, Maine Net Position June 30,

		Governmen	tal A	ctivities		Business-ty	pe Activities		
								2019	
		2020		2019		2020	(I	Restated)	
Assets:									
Current Assets	\$	2,673,648	\$	2,741,469	\$	653,635	\$	501,252	
Noncurrent Assets:									
Capital Assets		2,360,780		2,243,138		719,156		899,747	
Other Assets		406,948		408,014		-	_	-	
Total Assets		5,441,376		5,392,621		1,372,791		1,400,999	
Deferred Outflows of Resources:									
Deferred Outflows Related to Pensions		82,965		87,935		-		-	
Deferred Outflows Related to OPEB		7,042		4,929		-		-	
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		90,007		92,864		-		-	
Liabilities:									
Current Liabilities		290,512		167,762		176,758		230,462	
Noncurrent Liabilities		958,900		1,084,533		701,732		785,938	
Total Liabilities		1,249,412		1,252,295	_	878,490		1,016,400	
Deferred Inflows of Resources:									
Prepaid Taxes		11,918		7,001		-		-	
Deferrred Inflows Related to Pensions		52,137		58,325		-		-	
Deferrred Inflows Related to OPEB		8,366		10,311		-		-	
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	_	72,421		75,637	_	-	_	-	
Net Position:									
Net Position. Net Investment in Capital Assets		1,591,896		1,390,533		(66,582)		(52,288)	
Restricted		569,166		552,467		(00,002)		(02,200)	
Unrestricted		2,048,488		2,214,553		- 560,883		- 436,887	
Total Net Position	\$	4,209,550	\$	4,157,553	\$	494,301	\$	384,599	
	Ψ	4,200,000	Ψ	4,107,000	Ψ	100,707	Ψ	007,000	

Revenues and Expenses

Revenues for the Town's governmental activities increased by 5.27%, while total expenses increased by 14.08%. The largest increase in revenues was in taxes. The largest increase in expenses was in education.

For the business-type activities revenues increased by 17.78%, while total expenses increased by 15.07%.

Table 2 Town of Livermore Falls, Maine Change in Net Position For The Years Ended June 30,

	Governme	ntal Activities	Business-ty	pe Activities
	2020	2019	2020	2019
Revenues				
Program Revenues:				
Charges for services	\$ 48,139	\$ 105,081	\$ 623,488	\$ 564,816
Operating grants and contributions	57,078	-	-	-
Capital grants and contributions	-	-	37,367	30,000
General Revenues:				
Taxes	4,014,375	3,849,905	-	-
Grants and contributions not				
restricted to specific programs	631,691	532,117	-	-
Investment income	54,381	61,835	20,540	-
Miscellaneous	25,559	40,238	26,049	5,833
Total revenues	4,831,223	4,589,176	707,444	600,649
Expenses				
General government	434,796	305,533	_	_
Public safety	1,088,867	988,739		_
Public works	514,292	422,066		_
Transfer station	123,411	66,927	_	_
Buildings	59,271	66,380	_	_
Library	80,938	72,035	-	_
Grounds care	4,800	5,833	-	_
Recreation	62,483	67,588	-	-
General assistance	22,636	16,616	-	-
Education	2,024,355	1,776,561	-	-
County tax	211,693	205,335	-	-
Insurance	88,717	71,373	-	-
Other	8,655	17,044	-	-
Interest on long-term debt	21,354	84,709	-	-
Program expenses	32,958	19,717	597,742	519,464
Capital outlay	,	2,795		-
Total expenses	4,779,226	4,189,251	597,742	519,464
Change in Net Position	51,997	399,925	109,702	81,185
Net Position - July 1, Restated	4,157,553	3,757,628	384,599	303,414
Net Position - June 30	\$ 4,209,550	\$ 4,157,553	\$ 494,301	\$ 384,599

Financial Analysis of the Town's Fund Statements

Governmental funds: The financial reporting focus of the Town's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows and balances of spendable resources. Such information may be useful in assessing the Town's financial requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's financial position at the end of the year and the net resources available for spending.

Table 3 Town of Livermore Falls, Maine Fund Balances - Governmental Funds June 30,

					l	ncrease/
	2020		2019		(D)ecrease)
General Fund:						
Assigned	\$	32,863	\$	142,130	\$	(109,267)
Unassigned		1,765,616		1,795,366		(29,750)
Total General Fund	\$	1,798,479	\$	1,937,496	\$	(139,017)
Nonmajor Funds:						
Special Revenue Funds:						
Restricted	\$	537,074	\$	526,377	\$	10,697
Committed		7,569		-		7,569
Unassigned		-		(5,479)		5,479
Capital Projects Funds:				. ,		
Assigned		286,205		255,480		30,725
Permanent Funds:						
Restricted		32,092		26,090		6,002
Total Nonmajor Funds	\$	862,940	\$	802,468	\$	60,472

The changes to total fund balances for the general fund, and the aggregate nonmajor funds occurred due to the regular activity of operations.

Proprietary funds: The Town's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

The sewer fund had an operating income for the year of \$74,620.

Budgetary Highlights

The differences between the original and final budget for the general fund was the use of assigned and unassigned fund balances as well as the use of applied receipts.

The general fund actual revenues exceeded budgeted amounts by \$80,742. All revenue categories were receipted in excess of budgeted amounts with the exception of excise taxes and miscellaneous revenues.

The general fund actual expenditures were under budgeted amounts by \$146,791. All expenditure categories were within or under budgeted amounts with the exception of library, recreation, general assistance and education.

Capital Asset and Long-term Debt Administration

Capital Assets

As of June 30, 2020, the net book value of capital assets recorded by the Town decreased by \$62,949 from the prior fiscal year. This decrease was a result of net capital additions of \$260,740 less current year depreciation of \$323,689.

Table 4 Town of Livermore Falls, Maine Capital Assets (Net of Depreciation) June 30,

	 2020	2019
Land	\$ 387,517	\$ 387,517
Buildings	235,087	305,082
Building improvements	741,172	742,898
Machinery and equipment	402,447	467,583
Vehicles	333,379	416,189
Infrastructure	 980,334	 823,616
Total	\$ 3,079,936	\$ 3,142,885

Long-term Debt

At June 30, 2020, the Town had \$1,544,662 in bonds and notes from direct borrowings payable versus \$1,804,540 last year. Refer to Note 7 of Notes to Financial Statements for more detailed information.

Currently Known Facts, Decisions or Conditions

The outbreak of COVID-19 has been declared a pandemic and led to a national state of emergency in the United States. Refer to Note 1 of Notes to Financial Statements for more detailed information.

At present it is not possible, with any degree of certainty, to estimate the impact of COVID-19 on the revenues, expenditures, budget or overall financial position of the Town. No assurance can be given regarding future events or impacts because these actions and events are unpredictable or unknowable at this time and are outside the control of the Town.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

The Town has steadily maintained a sufficient unassigned fund balance to sustain government operations for a period of approximately four months, while also maintaining significant reserve accounts for future capital and program needs.

Contacting the Town's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the Town's finances and to show the Town's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Town Treasurer's Office at 2 Main Street, Livermore Falls, Maine 04254.

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2020

	Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities		Total Primary Sovernment	С	omponent Units
ASSETS			 				<u> </u>
Current assets:							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,987,917	\$ 340,939	\$	2,328,856	\$	47,089
Investments		305,475	-		305,475		-
Accounts receivable (net of allowance for uncollectibles):							
Taxes		319,349	104,700		424,049		-
Liens		-	37,071		37,071		-
Other		60,907	9,111		70,018		26,815
Due to other governments		-	161,814		161,814		35,414
Total current assets		2,673,648	 653,635		3,327,283		109,318
Noncurrent assets: Capital assets:							
Land and other assets not being depreciated		387,517	-		387,517		282.005
Depreciable assets, net of accumulated depreciation		1,973,263	719,156		2,692,419		5,134,771
Other assets:		,,	-,		, , -		-, -,
Restricted cash		-	-		-		219,980
Notes receivable		406,948	-		406,948		-
Total noncurrent assets		2,767,728	 719,156		3,486,884		5,636,756
TOTAL ASSETS		5,441,376	 1,372,791		6,814,167		5,746,074
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
Deferred outflows related to pensions		82,965	-		82,965		-
Deferred outflows related to OPEB		7,042	-		7,042		-
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		90,007	 -		90,007		-
TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	\$	5,531,383	\$ 1,372,791	\$	6,904,174	\$	5,746,074

STATEMENT A (CONTINUED)

TOWN OF LIVERMORE FALLS, MAINE

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2020

						Total		
	Go	overnmental	Business-type		Primary		С	omponent
		Activities		Activities	Government		Units	
LIABILITIES								
Current liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$	120,465	\$	85,435	\$	205,900	\$	22,955
Accrued payroll		25,550		598		26,148		-
Due to other governments		35,473		-		35,473		162,402
Other liabilities		85		-		85		-
Current portion of long-term obligations		108,939		90,725		199,664		18,959
Total current liabilities		290,512		176,758		467,270		204,316
Noncurrent liabilities:								
Noncurrent portion of long-term obligations:								
Bonds payable		615,200		698,373		1,313,573		-
Notes from direct borrowings payable		55,500		-		55,500		-
Accrued compensated absences		43,019		3,359		46,378		-
Net pension liability		208,151		-		208,151		-
Net OPEB liability		37,030		-		37,030		-
Total noncurrent liabilities		958,900		701,732		1,660,632		-
TOTAL LIABILITIES		1,249,412		878,490		2,127,902		204,316
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Prepaid taxes		11,918		-		11,918		-
Deferred inflows related to pensions		52,137		-		52,137		-
Deferred inflows related to OPEB		8,366		-		8,366		-
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		72,421		-		72,421		-
NET POSITION								
Net investment in capital assets		1,591,896		(66,582)		1,525,314		5,416,776
Restricted		569,166		-		569,166		262,790
Unrestricted		2,048,488		560,883		2,609,371		(137,808)
TOTAL NET POSITION		4,209,550		494,301		4,703,851		5,541,758
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
AND NET POSITION	\$	5,531,383	\$	1,372,791	\$	6,904,174	\$	5,746,074

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

				Pro	<u> </u>	n Revenues			Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position								
					0	perating		Capital			Total						
			С	harges for	Gr	ants and	Gr	ants and	Go	overnmental	Busin	ess-type	Primary	Compo	onent		
Functions/Programs	E	Expenses		Services	Cor	ntributions	Cor	ntributions		Activities	Act	tivities	Government	Uni	ts		
Governmental activities:																	
General government	\$	434,796	\$	16,533	\$	13,070	\$	_	\$	(405,193)	\$	_	\$ (405,193)	\$	_		
Public safety	Ψ	1,088,867	Ψ	1,063	Ψ	-	Ψ	_	Ψ	(1,087,804)	Ψ	_	(1,087,804)	Ψ	_		
Public works		514,292		1,000		32,008		_		(482,284)		_	(482,284)		_		
Transfer station		123,411		11,072		- 02,000		_		(112,339)		_	(112,339)		_		
Buildings		59,271				-		_		(59,271)		-	(59,271)		_		
Library		80,938		-		-		_		(80,938)		-	(80,938)		_		
Grounds care		4,800		-		-		-		(4,800)		-	(4,800)		_		
Recreation		62,483		1,577		12,000		-		(48,906)		-	(48,906)		_		
General assistance		22,636		-				-		(22,636)		-	(22,636)		_		
Education		2,024,355		-		_		-		(2,024,355)		-	(2,024,355)		_		
County tax		211,693		-		-		-		(211,693)		-	(211,693)		-		
Insurance		88,717		-		-		-		(88,717)		-	(88,717)		_		
Other		8,655		-		-		-		(8,655)		-	(8,655)		-		
Interest on long-term debt		21,354		-		-		-		(21,354)		-	(21,354)		-		
Program expenditures		32,958		17,894		-		-		(15,064)		-	(15,064)		-		
Total governmental activities		4,779,226		48,139		57,078		-		(4,674,009)		-	(4,674,009)		-		
				i													
Business-type activities:																	
Sewer department		597,742		623,488		-		37,367		-		63,113	63,113		-		
Total business-type activities		597,742		623,488		-		37,367		-		63,113	63,113		-		
Total government	\$	5,376,968	\$	671,627	\$	57,078	\$	37,367		(4,674,009)		63,113	(4,610,896)		-		
Component Units:																	
Sewer Treatment Plant	\$	516,692	\$	403,498	\$	12,000	\$	-	\$	-		-	-	(101	1,194)		
Total component units	\$	516,692	\$	403,498	\$	12,000	\$	-	\$	-					1,194)		
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STATEMENT B (CONTINUED)

TOWN OF LIVERMORE FALLS, MAINE

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total	Component Units
Changes in net position:				
Net (expense) revenue	(4,674,009)	63,113	(4,610,896)	(101,194)
General revenues: Taxes:				
Property taxes, levied for general purposes	3,624,697	-	3,624,697	-
Excise taxes	389,678	-	389,678	-
Grants and contributions not restricted				
to specific programs	631,691	-	631,691	-
Interest income	54,381	20,540	74,921	576
Miscellaneous	25,559	26,049	51,608	219,970
Total general revenues	4,726,006	46,589	4,772,595	220,546
Change in net position	51,997	109,702	161,699	119,352
NET POSITION - JULY 1, RESTATED	4,157,553	384,599	4,542,152	5,422,406
NET POSITION - JUNE 30	\$ 4,209,550	\$ 494,301	\$ 4,703,851	\$ 5,541,758

BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2020

				Other vernmental Funds	Go	Total overnmental Funds
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,751,603	\$	236,314	\$	1,987,917
Investments		305,475		-		305,475
Accounts receivable (net of allowance for uncollectibles):						- / / -
Taxes Other		319,349		-		319,349
Notes receivable		60,907 6,948		- 400,000		60,907 406,948
Due from other funds		0,940 11,741		400,000 238,367		400,948 250,108
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	2,456,023	\$	874,681	\$	3,330,704
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable	\$	120,465	\$	-	\$	120,465
Accrued payroll		25,550	•	-		25,550
Due to other governments		35,473		-		35,473
Other liabilities		85		-		85
Due to other funds		238,367		11,741		250,108
TOTAL LIABILITIES		419,940		11,741		431,681
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Prepaid taxes		11,918		-		11,918
Deferred tax revenues		225,686		-		225,686
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		237,604		-		237,604
FUND BALANCES Nonspendable		_		_		_
Restricted		-		569,166		569,166
Committed		-		7,569		7,569
Assigned		32,863		286,205		319,068
Unassigned		1,765,616		-		1,765,616
TOTAL FUND BALANCES		1,798,479		862,940		2,661,419
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF						
RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	2,456,023	\$	874,681	\$	3,330,704

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2020

	Total Governmental Funds
Total Fund Balances	\$ 2,661,419
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and	
therefore are not reported in the funds, net of accumulated depreciation	2,360,780
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and therefore are deferred in the funds shown above:	
Taxes and liens receivable	225,686
Deferred outflows of resources are not financial resources and therefore	
are not reported in the funds:	82.005
Pension OPEB	82,965 7,042
Long-term obligations shown below, are not due and payable in the current	1,012
period and therefore are not reported in the funds shown above:	
Bond payable	(629,322)
Notes from direct borrowings payable	(139,562)
Accrued compensated absences	(53,774)
Net pension liability Net OPEB liability	(208,151) (37,030)
Deferred inflows of resources are not financial resources and therefore are	(37,030)
not reported in the funds:	
Pension	(52,137)
OPEB	(8,366)
Net position of governmental activities	\$ 4,209,550

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Taxes: Property \$ 3,649,078 \$ - \$ 3,649,078 Excise 389,678 - 389,678 Intergovernmental revenues 673,007 15,762 688,769 Intergovernment income 52,665 1,716 543,381 Miscellaneous revenues 25,559 - 25,559 TOTAL REVENUES 4,820,232 35,372 4,855,604 EXPENDITURES - 1,038,510 - 1,038,510 Current: General government 379,843 - 10,38,510 Public safety 1,038,510 - 1,038,510 - Public works 615,583 - 615,583 - 615,583 Grounds care 4,800 - 4,800 - 4,800 Recreation 62,483 - 62,433 - 62,433 General assistance 22,024,355 - 2,024,355 - 2,024,355 County tax 211,693 - 21,693 - 21,354 <	REVENUES	General Fund		Other Governmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds	
Property \$ 3,649,078 \$ - \$ 3,649,078 Excise 389,678 - 389,678 - 389,678 Intergovernmental revenues 673,007 15,762 688,769 Charges for services 30,245 17,894 48,139 Investment income 52,665 1,716 54,381 Miscellaneous revenues 25,559 - 22,559 TOTAL REVENUES 4,820,232 35,372 4,855,604 EXPENDITURES - 1,038,510 - 1,038,510 Public safety 1,038,510 - 1,038,513 - 59,271 Library 80,938 - 80,938 - 62,483 General assistance 22,636 - 22,636 - 22,636 Buildings 59,271 - 59,271 - 59,271 - 59,271 Library 80,938 - 80,938 - 80,938 - 22,636 Grounds care							
Excise 389,678 - 389,678 Intergovernmental revenues 673,007 15,762 688,769 Charges for services 30,245 17,894 48,139 Investment income 52,665 1,716 54,381 Miscellaneous revenues 25,559 - 25,559 TOTAL REVENUES 4,820,232 35,372 4,855,604 EXPENDITURES - 1,038,510 - 1,038,510 Public safety 1,038,510 - 1,038,510 - 1,038,510 Public works 15,583 - 615,583 - 615,583 Transfer station 175,682 - 175,682 - 1,038,510 Public works 59,271 - 59,271 - 59,271 Library 80,938 - 80,938 - 80,938 General assistance 22,636 - 22,636 - 22,636 Education 2,024,355 - 2,024,355 - 2,024,355		¢	3 640 078	¢	_	¢	3 649 078
Intergovernmental revenues 673,007 15,762 688,769 Charges for services 30,245 17,894 48,139 Investment income 52,665 1,716 54,381 Miscellaneous revenues 25,559 - 25,559 TOTAL REVENUES 4,820,232 35,372 4,885,604 EXPENDITURES - 1,038,510 - 1,038,510 Current: - 615,563 - 615,563 Public safety 1,038,510 - 175,682 - Transfer station 175,682 - 175,682 - 175,682 Buildings 59,271 - 59,271 10,92,711 115,833 - 60,938 Grounds care 4,800 - 4,800 - 4,800 Recreation 62,483 - 62,483 - 62,483 General assistance 2,20,4355 - 2,24,355 - 2,24,355 Counds care 8,617 - 88,717 -		Ψ		Ψ	-	Ψ	
Charges for services 30,245 17,894 48,139 Investment income 52,665 1,716 54,381 Miscellaneous revenues 25,559 - 25,559 TOTAL REVENUES 4,820,232 35,372 4,855,604 EXPENDITURES - 379,843 - 379,843 Public safety 1,038,510 - 1,038,510 Public works 615,583 - 615,562 Transfer station 175,682 - 175,682 Buildings 59,271 - 59,271 Library 80,938 80,938 609,383 General assistance 22,636 - 2,433 Guation 2,024,355 - 2,024,355 County tax 211,693 - 211,693 Insurance 88,717 - 88,717 Other 8,655 - 8,655 Principal 83,721 - 83,721 Interest 21,354 - 21,354 <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>-</td><td></td><td></td></t<>					-		
Investment income 52,665 1,716 54,381 Miscellaneous revenues 25,559 - 25,559 TOTAL REVENUES 4,820,232 35,372 4,855,604 EXPENDITURES General government 379,843 - 379,843 Public safety 1,038,510 - 1,038,510 - Public safety 1,038,510 - 175,682 - Buildings 59,271 - 59,271 - 59,271 Library 80,938 - 80,938 - 80,938 General assistance 22,636 - 22,636 - 22,636 Education 2,024,355 - 2,024,355 - 2,024,355 County tax 211,693 - 22,656 - 8,655 Program expenditures - 32,958 32,958 32,958 Debt service: - - 32,958 32,958 22,950 Principal 83,721 - 83,721 -							
Miscellaneous revenues 25,559 - 25,559 TOTAL REVENUES 4,820,232 35,372 4,855,604 EXPENDITURES General government 379,843 - 379,843 Public safety 1,038,510 - 1,038,510 - Public works 615,583 - 615,583 - Transfer station 175,682 - 175,682 - Buildings 59,271 - 59,271 - 59,271 Library 80,938 - 80,938 - 80,938 Grounds care 4,800 - 4,800 - 4,800 Recreation 62,483 - 22,636 - 22,636 Education 2,024,355 - 2,024,355 - 2,024,355 County tax 211,693 - 31,721 - 83,721 Insurance 88,717 - 83,721 - 83,721 Principal 83,721 - 83,721 <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>							
TOTAL REVENUES 4,820,232 36,372 4,855,604 EXPENDITURES Current: General government 379,843 - 379,843 Public safety 1,038,510 - 1,038,510 - 1,038,510 Public works 615,583 - 615,583 - 615,583 Transfer station 175,682 - 175,682 - 175,682 Buildings 59,271 - 59,271 - 59,271 Library 80,938 - 80,938 - 80,938 General assistance 22,636 - 22,636 - 22,636 Education 2,024,355 - 2,024,355 - 2,024,355 County tax 211,693 - 211,693 - 211,693 Insurance 88,717 - 88,717 - 88,717 - 83,721 - 8,655 - 8,655 - 21,354 - 21,354 - 21,354 22,950					1,716		
EXPENDITURES Current: General government 379,843 Public safety 1,038,510 Public safety 1,038,510 Public works 615,583 Transfer station 175,682 Buildings 59,271 Library 80,938 Grounds care 4,800 Recreation 62,483 General assistance 22,636 Education 20,24,355 County tax 211,693 Insurance 88,717 Other 8,655 Program expenditures - Statistic 211,693 Interest 21,354 Capital outlay 22,958 Debt service: - Principal 83,721 Interest 21,354 Capital outlay 22,950 Capital outlay 22,950 Capital outlay 22,950 Capital outlay 22,950 Transfers in - Transfers (out) (58					-		
Current: General government 379,843 - 379,843 Public safety 1,038,510 - 1,038,510 Public works 615,583 - 615,583 Transfer station 175,682 - 175,682 Buildings 59,271 - 59,271 Library 80,938 - 80,938 Grounds care 4,800 - 4,800 Recreation 62,483 - 62,483 General assistance 22,036 - 22,636 Education 2,024,355 - 2,024,355 County tax 211,693 - 211,693 Insurance 88,717 - 88,717 Other 8,655 - 8,655 Program expenditures - - 32,958 Debt service: - - 22,950 - 22,950 TOTAL EXPENDITURES 4,901,191 32,958 4,934,149 EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (80,959) 2,414 </td <td>TOTAL REVENUES</td> <td></td> <td>4,820,232</td> <td></td> <td>35,372</td> <td></td> <td>4,855,604</td>	TOTAL REVENUES		4,820,232		35,372		4,855,604
Current: General government 379,843 - 379,843 Public safety 1,038,510 - 1,038,510 Public works 615,583 - 615,583 Transfer station 175,682 - 175,682 Buildings 59,271 - 59,271 Library 80,938 - 80,938 Grounds care 4,800 - 4,800 Recreation 62,483 - 62,483 General assistance 22,036 - 22,636 Education 2,024,355 - 2,024,355 County tax 211,693 - 211,693 Insurance 88,717 - 88,717 Other 8,655 - 8,655 Program expenditures - - 32,958 Debt service: - - 22,950 - 22,950 TOTAL EXPENDITURES 4,901,191 32,958 4,934,149 EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (80,959) 2,414 </td <td>EXPENDITURES</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	EXPENDITURES						
General government 379,843 - 379,843 Public safety 1,038,510 - 1,038,510 Public works 615,583 - 615,583 Transfer station 175,682 - 175,682 Buildings 59,271 - 59,271 Library 80,938 - 4,800 Recreation 62,483 - 62,483 General assistance 22,636 - 22,636 Education 2,024,355 - 2,024,355 County tax 211,693 - 211,693 Insurance 88,717 - 88,717 Other 8,655 - 8,655 Program expenditures - 32,958 32,958 Debt service: - - 32,958 32,958 TOTAL EXPENDITURES 4,901,191 32,958 4,934,149 EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER - - 58,058 - (UNDER) EXPENDITURES - 58,058 -							
Public safety 1,038,510 - 1,038,510 Public works 615,583 - 615,583 Transfer station 175,682 - 175,682 Buildings 59,271 - 59,271 Library 80,938 - 80,938 Grounds care 4,800 - 4,800 Recreation 62,483 - 62,483 General assistance 22,636 - 22,636 Education 2,024,355 - 2,024,355 County tax 211,693 - 211,693 Insurance 88,717 - 88,717 Other 8,655 - 8,655 Program expenditures - 32,958 32,958 Debt service: - 1,354 - 21,354 Principal 83,721 - 83,721 - 83,721 Interest 21,354 - 21,354 - 21,354 Capital outlay 22,950 - <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>379 843</td> <td></td> <td>_</td> <td></td> <td>379 843</td>	-		379 843		_		379 843
Public works 615,583 - 615,583 Transfer station 175,682 - 175,682 Buildings 59,271 - 59,271 Library 80,938 - 60,938 Grounds care 4,800 - 4,800 Recreation 62,483 - 62,483 General assistance 22,636 - 22,636 Education 2,024,355 - 2,024,355 County tax 211,693 - 211,693 Insurance 88,717 - 88,717 Other 8,655 - 8,655 Program expenditures - 32,958 32,958 Debt service: - - 33,721 - 83,721 Principal 21,354 - 21,354 - 21,354 Capital outlay 22,950 - 22,950 - 22,950 TOTAL EXPENDITURES (80,959) 2,414 (78,545) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USE	÷				_		
Transfer station 175,682 - 175,682 Buildings 59,271 - 59,271 Library 80,938 - 80,938 Grounds care 4,800 - 4,800 Recreation 62,483 - 62,483 General assistance 22,636 - 22,636 Education 2,024,355 - 2,024,355 County tax 211,693 - 1,693 Insurance 88,717 - 88,717 Other 8,655 - 8,655 Program expenditures - 32,958 32,958 Debt service: - - 83,721 - 83,721 Principal 83,721 - 83,721 - 22,950 TOTAL EXPENDITURES 4,901,191 32,958 4,934,149 EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES (80,959) 2,414 (78,545) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - 58,058 - - Transfers in - 58,058) - (58,058) -	•				_		
Buildings 59,271 - 59,271 Library 80,938 - 80,938 Grounds care 4,800 - 4,800 Recreation 62,483 - 62,483 General assistance 22,636 - 22,636 Education 2,024,355 - 2,024,355 County tax 211,693 - 211,693 Insurance 88,717 - 88,717 Other 8,655 - 8,655 Program expenditures - 32,958 32,958 Debt service: - - 32,958 32,958 Principal 83,721 - 83,721 - 83,721 Interest 21,354 - 21,354 - 22,950 TOTAL EXPENDITURES 4,901,191 32,958 4,934,149 EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER - - 58,058 58,058 Transfers in - - 58,058 - -					_		
Library 80,938 - 80,938 Grounds care 4,800 - 4,800 Recreation 62,483 - 62,483 General assistance 22,636 - 22,636 Education 2,024,355 - 2,024,355 County tax 211,693 - 211,693 Insurance 88,717 - 88,717 Other 8,655 - 8,655 Program expenditures - 32,958 32,958 Debt service: - - 83,721 - 83,721 Principal 83,721 - 83,721 - 83,721 Interest 21,354 - 21,354 - 21,354 Capital outlay 22,950 - 22,950 - 22,950 TOTAL EXPENDITURES 4,901,191 32,958 4,934,149 - EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (00,959) 2,414 (78,545) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - 58					-		
Grounds care 4,800 - 4,800 Recreation 62,483 - 62,483 General assistance 22,636 - 22,636 Education 2,024,355 - 2,024,355 County tax 211,693 - 211,693 Insurance 88,717 - 88,717 Other 8,655 - 8,655 Program expenditures - 32,958 32,958 Debt service: - 33,721 - 83,721 Principal 83,721 - 83,721 - 83,721 Interest 22,950 - 22,950 - 22,950 TOTAL EXPENDITURES 4,901,191 32,958 4,934,149 EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (NUNDER) EXPENDITURES - 58,058 58,058 Transfers in - 58,058 - (58,058) - TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) (58,058) - (58,058) - TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES	-				-		
Recreation 62,483 - 62,483 General assistance 22,636 - 22,636 Education 2,024,355 - 2,024,355 County tax 211,693 - 211,693 Insurance 88,717 - 88,717 Other 8,655 - 3,655 Program expenditures - 32,958 32,958 Debt service: - 7 83,721 - 83,721 Principal 83,721 - 83,721 - 83,721 Interest 21,354 - 21,354 - 22,950 TOTAL EXPENDITURES 4,901,191 32,958 4,934,149 - EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES (80,959) 2,414 (78,545) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - 58,058 58,058 - Transfers in - 58,058 - (58,058) - TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) (58,058) - (58,058)<	•				-		
General assistance 22,636 - 22,636 Education 2,024,355 - 2,024,355 County tax 211,693 - 211,693 Insurance 88,717 - 88,717 Other 8,655 - 8,655 Program expenditures - 32,958 32,958 Debt service: - - 32,958 32,958 Principal 83,721 - 83,721 - 83,721 Interest 21,354 - 21,354 - 21,354 Capital outlay 22,950 - 22,950 - 22,950 TOTAL EXPENDITURES 4,901,191 32,958 4,934,149 - 22,950 - 22,950 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - 58,058 - 58,058 - (58,058) - (58,058) - - 58,058 - - 58,058 - - NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES (139,017) 60,472 (78,545)					-		
Education 2,024,355 - 2,024,355 County tax 211,693 - 211,693 Insurance 88,717 - 88,717 Other 8,655 - 8,655 Program expenditures - 32,958 32,958 Debt service: - 33,721 - 83,721 Principal 83,721 - 83,721 - 83,721 Interest 21,354 - 21,354 - 22,950 TOTAL EXPENDITURES 4,901,191 32,958 4,934,149 EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES (80,959) 2,414 (78,545) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - 58,058 58,058 Transfers in - 58,058 - (58,058) TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) (58,058) - - (58,058) TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) (58,058) - - - NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES (139,017) 60,472 (78,545) FUND BALANCES - JULY 1 1,937,496 802,468 2,73					-		•
County tax 211,693 - 211,693 Insurance 88,717 - 88,717 Other 8,655 - 8,655 Program expenditures - 32,958 32,958 Debt service: - 32,958 32,958 Principal 83,721 - 83,721 Interest 21,354 - 21,354 Capital outlay 22,950 - 22,950 TOTAL EXPENDITURES 4,901,191 32,958 4,934,149 EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (80,959) 2,414 (78,545) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - 58,058 58,058 Transfers in - 58,058 - TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - 58,058 - TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) (58,058) - - NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES (139,017) 60,472 (78,545) FUND BALANCES - JULY 1 1,937,496 802,468 2,739,964	-				-		
Insurance 88,717 - 88,717 Other 8,655 - 8,655 Program expenditures - 32,958 32,958 Debt service: - 32,958 32,958 Principal 83,721 - 83,721 Interest 21,354 - 21,354 Capital outlay 22,950 - 22,950 TOTAL EXPENDITURES 4,901,191 32,958 4,934,149 EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES (80,959) 2,414 (78,545) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - 58,058 58,058 - Transfers in - 58,058 - (58,058) - TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) (58,058) - (58,058) - TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) (58,058) - - 58,058 - NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES (139,017) 60,472 (78,545) FUND BALANCES - JULY 1 1,937,496 802,468 2,739,964					-		
Other 8,655 - 8,655 Program expenditures - 32,958 32,958 Debt service: - 32,958 32,958 Principal 83,721 - 83,721 Interest 21,354 - 21,354 Capital outlay 22,950 - 22,950 TOTAL EXPENDITURES 4,901,191 32,958 4,934,149 EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES (80,959) 2,414 (78,545) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - 58,058 58,058 - Transfers in - 58,058 - (58,058) - TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - 58,058 - - TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - (58,058) - - NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES (139,017) 60,472 (78,545) FUND BALANCES - JULY 1 1,937,496 802,468 2,739,964	-				-		
Program expenditures - 32,958 32,958 Debt service: Principal 83,721 - 83,721 Interest 21,354 - 21,354 Capital outlay 22,950 - 22,950 TOTAL EXPENDITURES 4,901,191 32,958 4,934,149 EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES (80,959) 2,414 (78,545) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - 58,058 58,058 Transfers in - 58,058 58,058) TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) (58,058) - (58,058) TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) (58,058) - (58,058) TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) (58,058) - - NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES (139,017) 60,472 (78,545) FUND BALANCES - JULY 1 1,937,496 802,468 2,739,964	Insurance		88,717		-		88,717
Debt service: Principal 83,721 - 83,721 Interest 21,354 - 21,354 Capital outlay 22,950 - 22,950 TOTAL EXPENDITURES 4,901,191 32,958 4,934,149 EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES (80,959) 2,414 (78,545) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - 58,058 58,058 Transfers in - 58,058 - TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) (58,058) - (58,058) TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) (58,058) - (58,058) TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) (58,058) - (78,545) NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES (139,017) 60,472 (78,545) FUND BALANCES - JULY 1 1,937,496 802,468 2,739,964	Other		8,655		-		8,655
Principal 83,721 - 83,721 Interest 21,354 - 21,354 Capital outlay 22,950 - 22,950 TOTAL EXPENDITURES 4,901,191 32,958 4,934,149 EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES (80,959) 2,414 (78,545) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - 58,058 58,058 Transfers in - 58,058 - TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) (58,058) - (58,058) TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) (58,058) - (58,058) TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) (58,058) - - NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES (139,017) 60,472 (78,545) FUND BALANCES - JULY 1 1,937,496 802,468 2,739,964	Program expenditures		-		32,958		32,958
Interest 21,354 - 21,354 Capital outlay 22,950 - 22,950 TOTAL EXPENDITURES 4,901,191 32,958 4,934,149 EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES (80,959) 2,414 (78,545) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - 58,058 58,058 Transfers in - 58,058 - TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) (58,058) - (58,058) TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) (58,058) - (58,058) NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES (139,017) 60,472 (78,545) FUND BALANCES - JULY 1 1,937,496 802,468 2,739,964	Debt service:						
Capital outlay 22,950 - 22,950 TOTAL EXPENDITURES 4,901,191 32,958 4,934,149 EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (80,959) 2,414 (78,545) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) (80,959) 2,414 (78,545) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - 58,058 58,058 Transfers (out) - 58,058) - TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) (58,058) - (58,058) TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) (58,058) - (58,058) NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES (139,017) 60,472 (78,545) FUND BALANCES - JULY 1 1,937,496 802,468 2,739,964	Principal		83,721		-		83,721
TOTAL EXPENDITURES 4,901,191 32,958 4,934,149 EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES (80,959) 2,414 (78,545) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in - 58,058 58,058 Transfers (out) - 58,058) - (58,058) TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) (58,058) - (58,058) - NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES (139,017) 60,472 (78,545) FUND BALANCES - JULY 1 1,937,496 802,468 2,739,964	Interest		21,354		-		21,354
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES (80,959) 2,414 (78,545) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in Transfers (out) - 58,058 58,058 Transfers (out) (58,058) - (58,058) TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) (58,058) 58,058 - NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES (139,017) 60,472 (78,545) FUND BALANCES - JULY 1 1,937,496 802,468 2,739,964	Capital outlay		22,950		-		22,950
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES (80,959) 2,414 (78,545) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - 58,058 58,058 Transfers in - 58,058 - (58,058) Total other financing sources (USES) (58,058) - (58,058) - NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES (139,017) 60,472 (78,545) FUND BALANCES - JULY 1 1,937,496 802,468 2,739,964	TOTAL EXPENDITURES		4,901,191		32,958		
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES (80,959) 2,414 (78,545) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - 58,058 58,058 Transfers in - 58,058 - (58,058) Total other financing sources (USES) (58,058) - (58,058) - NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES (139,017) 60,472 (78,545) FUND BALANCES - JULY 1 1,937,496 802,468 2,739,964							
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in - 58,058 58,058 Transfers (out) (58,058) - (58,058) TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) (58,058) 58,058 - NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES (139,017) 60,472 (78,545) FUND BALANCES - JULY 1 1,937,496 802,468 2,739,964			(00.050)		0.444		
Transfers in - 58,058 58,058 Transfers (out) (58,058) - (58,058) TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) (58,058) 58,058 - NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES (139,017) 60,472 (78,545) FUND BALANCES - JULY 1 1,937,496 802,468 2,739,964	(UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(80,959)		2,414		(78,545)
Transfers in - 58,058 58,058 Transfers (out) (58,058) - (58,058) TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) (58,058) 58,058 - NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES (139,017) 60,472 (78,545) FUND BALANCES - JULY 1 1,937,496 802,468 2,739,964	OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers (out) (58,058) - (58,058) TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) (58,058) 58,058 - NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES (139,017) 60,472 (78,545) FUND BALANCES - JULY 1 1,937,496 802,468 2,739,964			-		58,058		58,058
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) (58,058) 58,058 - NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES (139,017) 60,472 (78,545) FUND BALANCES - JULY 1 1,937,496 802,468 2,739,964			(58.058)		-		
FUND BALANCES - JULY 1 1,937,496 802,468 2,739,964			, ,		58,058		-
	NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		(139,017)		60,472		(78,545)
FUND BALANCES - JUNE 30 \$ 1,798,479 \$ 862,940 \$ 2,661,419	FUND BALANCES - JULY 1		1,937,496		802,468		2,739,964
	FUND BALANCES - JUNE 30	\$	1,798,479	\$	862,940	\$	2,661,419

RECONCILIATION OF STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds (Statement E)	\$ (78,545)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities (Statement B) are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures while governmental activities report depreciation expense allocated to those expenditures over the life of the assets:	
Capital asset acquisitions	260,740
Depreciation expense	<u>(143,098)</u> 117,642
Deferred outflows of resources are consumption of net position by the government that are applicable to a future reporting period and therefore are not reported in the funds:	
Pension	(4,970)
OPEB	2,113
	(2,857)
Repayment of long-term debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term obligations in the Statement of Net Position	83,721
Deferred inflows of resources are an acquisition of net position by the government that are applicable to a future reporting period and therefore are not reported in the funds:	
Pension	6,188
OPEB	1,945
	8,133
Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds:	
Taxes and liens receivable	(24,381)
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds:	
Accrued compensated absences	(21,111)
Net pension liability Net OPEB liability	(26,771) (3,834)
	(51,716)
	<u>.</u>
Change in net position of governmental activities (Statement B)	\$ 51,997

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2020

	I	Enterprise
		Sewer
		Fund
ASSETS		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	340,939
Accounts receivable (net of allowance for uncollectibles):		
Taxes		104,700
Liens		37,071
Other		9,111
Due from other governments		161,814
Total current assets		653,635
Noncurrent assets:		
Capital assets:		
Property and equipment		4,139,961
Less: accumulated depreciation		(3,420,805)
Subtotal capital assets		719,156
·		-,
Total noncurrent assets		719,156
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	1,372,791
LIABILITIES		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$	85,435
Accrued payroll	Ψ	598
Current portion of long-term obligations		90,725
Total current liabilities		176,758
Noncurrent liabilities:		
Noncurrent portion of long-term obligations:		
Bonds payable		698,373
Accrued compensated absences	1	3,359
Total noncurrent liabilities		701,732
TOTAL LIABILITIES		878,490
NET POSITION		
Net investment in capital assets		(66,582)
Unrestricted		560,883
TOTAL NET POSITION		494,301
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION	\$	1,372,791

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Enterprise		
	Sewer		
		Fund	
OPERATING REVENUES			
Charges for services	\$	623,488	
Other income		26,049	
TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES		649,537	
OPERATING EXPENSES			
Treatment plant costs		193,122	
Payroll and benefits		•	
Professional services		17,374	
		63,154	
Outside labor		87,237	
Supplies		4,199	
Utilities		5,019	
Depreciation		180,591	
Other expense		24,221	
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES		574,917	
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)		74,620	
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)			
State grant		37,367	
Interest income		20,540	
Interest expense		(22,825)	
TOTAL NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)		35,082	
		400 700	
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		109,702	
NET POSITION - JULY 1, RESTATED		384,599	
NET POSITION - JUNE 30	\$	494,301	

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	E	Interprise
		Sewer
		Fund
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Receipts from customers	\$	633,277
Other income		26,049
Payments to employees and suppliers		(443,250)
NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES		216,076
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Interest income		20,540
NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY INVESTING ACTIVITIES		20,540
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Grant proceeds		37,367
Principal paid on capital debt		(166,297)
Interest paid on capital debt		(22,825)
NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES		(151,755)
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		84,861
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - JULY 1		256,078
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - JUNE 30	\$	340,939
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH		
PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES:		
Operating income (loss)	\$	74,620
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided	Ψ	7 1,020
(used) by operating activities:		
Depreciation expense		180,591
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		,
(Increase) decrease in taxes receivable		(1,143)
(Increase) decrease in liens receivable		11,408
(Increase) decrease in other receivables		(476)
(Increase) decrease in due from other governments		(77,311)
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		32,849
Increase (decrease) in accrued payroll		378
Increase (decrease) in due to other governments		(11,322)
Increase (decrease) in accrued compensated absences		6,482
NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$	216,076

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Reporting Entity

The Town of Livermore Falls was incorporated under the laws of the State of Maine. The Town operates under the selectboard-manager form of government and provides the following services: general government, public safety, public works, transfer station, buildings, library, grounds care, recreation, general assistance, insurance, education, other and program expenses.

The Town's financial statements are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is responsible for establishing GAAP for state and local governments through its pronouncements (Statements and Interpretations).

In accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 14 (as amended by Number 39 and 61), the Town has evaluated all potential component units. The financial statements include the Livermore Falls Sewer Treatment Plant as a discreetly presented component unit. This component unit does have separately issued financial statements.

COVID-19 Outbreak

The outbreak of COVID-19, a respiratory disease caused by a new strain of coronavirus, has been declared a pandemic by the World Health Organization and led to a national state of emergency in the United States. The State of Maine, along with other state and local governments, declared states of emergency and issued multiple public health emergency orders that severely restrict movement and limit businesses and activities to essential functions. These actions and effects of COVID-19 have disrupted economic activity at all levels and impacted the processes and procedures for almost all businesses, including municipal and quasi-municipal entities.

In response to the health crisis created by COVID-19 since early March, the Governor of Maine issued multiple executive orders and declarations to protect the public health in an effort to reduce community spread of the virus and protect citizens. These measures have included, among others, closing or restricting access to certain business and activities, issuing a "stay at home" directive for most citizens, restricting nonessential travel and limiting movement of all persons in Maine to those necessary to obtain or provide essential services or activities. The state of emergency expired on June 30, 2021.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Impact on and Results of Operations

On March 17, 2020 Maine LD 2167 was issued and executed by the Governor of Maine. Among other measures, this LD gave guidance concerning municipal budgets and the election process during the state of emergency. The Town needed to use the prior year's approved budget for 2 weeks during the new budget year. In accordance with Executive Order 39, issued by the Governor of Maine on April 10, 2020, primary elections (and all applicable dates in coordination with it) were suspended from June 9 to July 14.

In accordance with Executive Order 19, issued by the Governor of Maine on March 24, 2020, Town facilities were temporarily closed to the public and all nonessential services to its inhabitants were suspended from March 18, 2020 to May 18, 2020.

Impact on Finances

The Town does not currently anticipate any additional FY 2020 expenditures due to COVID-19 that would not be covered by existing resources including authorized Coronavirus, Aid, Relief and Economic Security ("CARES") Act funding and applicable Federal and /or State programs.

Expected Federal/State Support

The Town may have to take action to meet certain requirements to receive any additional Federal or State funding for budgetary or economic relief related to the challenges presented by COVID-19. However, the Town expects that if those actions are necessary, that the Town would qualify and satisfy the various conditions required to receive applicable Federal or State funds.

Conclusion

The ongoing effects of COVID-19, including the financial impact to the Town and its inhabitants, may change significantly as events and circumstances evolve locally, nationally and worldwide. At present it is not possible, with any degree of certainty, to estimate the impact of COVID-19 on the revenues, expenditures, budget or overall financial position of the Town. No assurance can be given regarding future events or impacts because these actions and events are unpredictable or unknowable at this time and are outside the control of the Town.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Implementation of New Accounting Standards

During the year ended June 30, 2020, the following statements of financial accounting standards issued by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board became effective:

Statement No. 95 "Postponement of the Effective Dates of Certain Authoritative Guidance." The primary objective of this Statement is to provide temporary relief to governments and other stakeholders in light of the COVID-19 pandemic. That objective is accomplished by postponing the effective dates of certain provisions in Statements and Implementation Guides that first became effective or are scheduled to become effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2018 and later. (The following pronouncements exclude Statements No. 83 and No. 88 which were implemented prior to this Statement).

The effective dates of certain provisions contained in the following pronouncements are postponed by one year: Statement No. 84, Fiduciary Activities; Statement No. 89, Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred before the End of a Construction Period; Statement No. 90, Majority Equity Interests; Statement No. 91, Conduit Debt Obligations; Statement No. 92, Omnibus 2020; Statement No. 93, Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates; Implementation Guide No. 2017-3, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (and Certain Issues Related to OPEB Plan Reporting); Implementation Guide No. 2018-1, Implementation Guidance Update-2018; Implementation Guide No. 2019-2, Fiduciary Activities. The effective dates of the following pronouncements are postponed by 18 months: Statement No. 87, Leases and Implementation Guide No. 2019-3, Leases.

Statement No. 97 "Certain Component Unit Criteria (paragraphs 4 & 5)." The primary objectives of paragraphs 4 & 5 in this Statement are to increase consistency and comparability related to the reporting of fiduciary component units in circumstances in which a potential component unit does not have a governing board and the primary government performs the duties that a governing board typically would perform. Management has determined the impact of this Statement is not material to the financial statements.

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The Town's basic financial statements include both government-wide (reporting the Town as a whole) and fund financial statements (reporting the Town's major funds).

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Both the government-wide and fund financial statements categorize primary activities as either governmental or business-type. The Town's sewer fund is categorized as a business-type activity. All other activities of the Town are categorized as governmental.

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position, both the governmental and business-type activities columns are (a) presented on a consolidated basis by column and (b) are reported on a full accrual, economic resources basis, which recognizes all long-term assets and receivables as well as long-term debt and obligations. The Town's net position is reported in three parts - net investment in capital assets; restricted net position and unrestricted net position. The Town first utilizes restricted resources to finance qualifying activities.

The government-wide Statement of Activities reports both the gross and net cost of each of the Town's functions and business-type activities (general government, protection, etc.) excluding fiduciary activities. The functions are also supported by general government revenues (property taxes, certain intergovernmental revenues, miscellaneous revenues, etc.). The Statement of Activities reduces gross expenses (including depreciation) by related program revenues, operating and capital grants. Program revenues must be directly associated with the function or a business-type activity. Operating grants include operating-specific and discretionary (either operating or capital) grants while the capital grants column reflects capital-specific grants. For the most part, the interfund activity has been eliminated from these government-wide financial statements.

The net costs (by function) are normally covered by general revenue (taxes, certain intergovernmental revenues and charges for services, etc.).

The Town does not allocate indirect costs. All costs are charged directly to the corresponding department.

The government-wide focus is more on the sustainability of the Town as an entity and the change in the Town's net position resulting from the current year's activities.

Measurement Focus - Basic Financial Statements and Fund Financial Statements

The financial transactions of the Town are reported in the individual funds in the fund financial statements. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, fund balances, revenues and expenditures/expenses. The various funds are reported by generic classification within the financial statements. Both fiduciary funds and component units that are fiduciary in

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

nature have been excluded from these financial statements. The following fund types are used by the Town:

1. Governmental Funds:

The focus of the governmental funds' measurement (in the fund statements) is upon determination of financial position (sources, uses and balances of financial resources) rather than upon net income. The following is a description of the governmental funds of the Town:

<u>Major Fund:</u>

a. The General Fund is the general operating fund of the Town. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Nonmajor Funds:

- Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.
- c. Capital Projects Funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities or equipment.
- d. Permanent Funds are used to account for assets held by the Town that are legally restricted pursuant to Title 30-A, §5653 of the Maine State Statutes, as amended and unless otherwise specified, only earnings and not principal, may be used for purposes that benefit the Town or its citizenry. The Town's policy for authorizing and spending investment income follows State statutes.

2. Proprietary Funds:

The focus of proprietary fund measurement is upon determination of operating income, changes in net position, financial position and cash flows. The generally accepted accounting principles applicable are those similar to businesses in the private sector. Operating revenues include charges for services, intergovernmental reimbursements and other miscellaneous fees which are a direct result of the proprietary activity. Nonoperating revenues are any revenues which are generated

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

outside of the general proprietary activity, i.e. interest income. The following is a description of the proprietary funds of the Town:

a. Enterprise Funds are required to be used to account for operations for which a fee is charged to external users for goods or services and the activity (a) is financed with debt that is solely secured by a pledge of net revenues, (b) has third party requirements that the cost of providing services, including capital costs, be recovered with fees and charges or (c) established fees and charges based on a pricing policy designed to recover similar costs.

The emphasis in fund financial statements is on the major funds in either the governmental or business-type activities categories. Nonmajor funds by category are summarized into a single column. GASB Statement No. 34 sets forth minimum criteria (percentage of the assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, revenues or expenses of either the fund category or the governmental and enterprise combined) for the determination of major funds. The nonmajor funds are combined in a column in the fund financial statements.

Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures or expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurements made, regardless of the measurement focus applied.

1. Accrual

Governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements and fiduciary fund financial statements are presented on the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when incurred.

2. Modified Accrual

The governmental fund financial statements are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recorded when susceptible to accrual; i.e., both measurable and available. "Available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. Expenditures are generally recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting when the related liability is incurred. The exception to this general rule is that principal and interest on general obligation long-term debt, if any, is recognized when due.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

<u>Budget</u>

The Town's policy is to adopt an annual budget for operations. The budget is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting which is consistent with generally accepted accounting principles.

The following procedures are followed in establishing budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. Early in the second half of the year the Town prepares a budget for the fiscal year beginning July 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- 2. A meeting of the inhabitants of the Town was called for the purpose of adopting the proposed budget after public notice of the meeting was given.
- 3. The budget was adopted subsequent to passage by the inhabitants of the Town.

Deposits and Investments

The Town's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

It is the Town's policy to value investments at fair value. None of the Town's investments are reported at amortized cost. For purposes of the statement of cash flows, all highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less when purchased are considered to be cash equivalents. The Town Treasurer is authorized by State Statutes to invest all excess funds in the following:

- Obligations of the U.S. Government, its agencies and instrumentalities
- Certificates of deposit and other evidence of deposits at banks, savings and loan associations and credit unions
- Repurchase agreements
- Money market mutual funds

The Town of Livermore Falls has no formal investment policy but instead follows the State of Maine Statutes.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Receivables

Receivables include amounts due from governmental agencies. All receivables are current and therefore due within one year. Receivables are reported net of an allowance for uncollectible accounts and revenues net of uncollectibles. Allowances are reported when accounts are proven to be uncollectible. The allowance for uncollectible accounts is estimated to be \$0 as of June 30, 2020. Accounts receivable netted with allowances for uncollectible accounts were \$230,739 for the year ended June 30, 2020.

Interfund Receivables and Payables

Transactions between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as "due to/from other funds". While these balances are reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Any residual balances outstanding between governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the governmental-wide financial statements as "internal balances".

Transactions Between Funds

Legally authorized transfers are treated as interfund transfers and are included in the results of operations of both Governmental and Proprietary Funds.

Capital Assets

Capital assets purchased or acquired with an original cost of \$10,000 or more are reported at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Additions, improvements and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. Infrastructure such as streets, traffic signals and signs are capitalized. Other costs incurred for repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred. Depreciation on all assets is provided on the straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives.

The assets are valued at historical cost when available and estimated historical cost where actual invoices or budgetary data was unavailable. Donated fixed assets are reported at their estimated fair market value on the date received. All retirements have been recorded by eliminating the net carrying values.

Infrastructure assets include roads, bridges, underground pipe (other than related to independently owned utilities), traffic signals, etc. These infrastructure assets are likely to be the largest asset class of the Town. The Town has not retroactively recorded infrastructure.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Estimated useful lives are as follows:

Buildings and improvements	20 - 50 years
Infrastructure	50 - 100 years
Machinery and equipment	3 - 50 years
Vehicles	3 - 25 years

Long-term Obligations

The accounting treatment of long-term obligations depends on whether the assets are used in governmental fund operations or proprietary fund operations and whether they are reported in the government-wide or fund financial statements.

All long-term obligations to be repaid from governmental and business-type resources are reported as liabilities in government-wide statements. The long-term obligations consist of bonds payable, notes from direct borrowings payable, accrued compensated absences, net pension liability and net OPEB liability.

Long-term debt for governmental funds is not reported as liabilities in the fund financial statements. The debt proceeds are reported as other financing sources and payment of principal and interest reported as expenditures. The accounting for proprietary fund is the same in the fund statements as it is in the government-wide statements.

<u>Pensions</u>

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Participating Local District (PLD) Consolidated Plan and additions to/deductions from the PLD Consolidated Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the PLD Consolidated Plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the Town's OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Maine Public Employees Retirement System OPEB Plan (the Plan) and additions to/deductions from the Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the Plan. For

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

this purpose, the Plan recognizes benefit payments when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value, except for money market investments and participating interest earning investment contracts that have a maturity at the time of purchase of one year or less, which are reported at cost.

<u>Net Position</u>

Net position represents the difference between all other elements in a statement of financial position. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used for those assets and adding back unspent proceeds. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on its use either through enabling legislations adopted by the Town or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments. Unrestricted net position is the net amount of the assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources that are not included in the determination of net investment in capital assets or restricted net position.

Fund Balance

In the fund financial statements, fund balance for governmental funds is reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the Town is bound to honor constraints on the specific purpose for which amounts in the funds can be spent. Fund balance is reported in five components - nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned and unassigned.

Nonspendable - This includes amounts that cannot be spent either because they are not in spendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted - This includes amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because of constitutional provisions or enabling legislation or because of constraints that are externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors or the laws or regulations of other governments.

Committed - This includes amounts that can be used only for specific purposes determined by a formal action of the inhabitants of the Town. The inhabitants of the Town through Town meetings are the highest level of decision-making authority of the Town. Commitments may be established, modified or rescinded only through a Town meeting vote.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Assigned - This includes amounts that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed but that are intended to be used for specific purposes. The authority for assigning fund balance is given annually by vote of the taxpayers and is expressed by the Selectboard.

Unassigned - This includes all other spendable amounts. The general fund is the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance amount. Other governmental funds besides the general fund can only report a negative unassigned fund balance amount.

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balances are available, the Town considers restricted funds to have been spent first. When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned or unassigned fund balances are available, the Town considers amounts to have been spent first out of assigned funds and then unassigned funds, as needed unless the Town meeting vote has provided otherwise in its commitment or assignment actions.

Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position and/or balance sheet will at times report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The Town has two types of this item - deferred outflows related to pension and deferred outflows related to OPEB. These items are reported in the statement of net position.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position and/or balance sheet will at times report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The Town has deferred tax revenues, which arises only under a modified accrual basis of accounting that qualifies for reporting in this category. Accordingly, this item is reported in the governmental funds balance sheet. Prepaid taxes also qualify for reporting in this category. This item is reported inflows related to pensions and deferred inflows related to OPEB qualify for reporting in this category as well. These items are reported only in the statement of net position. All items in this category are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Revenue Recognition - Property Taxes - Modified Accrual Basis

The Town's property tax for the current year was levied September 3, 2019 on the assessed value listed as of April 1, 2019, for all real and personal property located in the Town. Taxes were due on in two installments on October 24, 2019 and March 26, 2020. Interest on unpaid taxes commenced on October 25, 2019 and March 27, 2020, at 7% per annum.

Property tax revenues are recognized when they become available. Available includes those property tax receivables expected to be collected within sixty days after year end. The remaining receivables have been recorded as deferred revenues.

The Town is permitted by the laws of the State of Maine to levy taxes up to 105% of its net budgeted expenditures for the related fiscal period. The amount raised in excess of 100% is referred to as overlay and amounted to \$35,683 for the year ended June 30, 2020.

Tax liens are placed on real property within twelve months following the tax commitment date if taxes are delinquent. The Town has the authority to foreclose on property eighteen months after the filing of the lien if tax liens and associated costs remain unpaid.

Program Revenues

Program revenues include all directly related income items applicable to a particular program (charges to customers or applicants for goods, services or privileges provided, operating or capital grants and contributions, including special assessments).

Operating/Nonoperating Proprietary Fund Revenues

Operating revenues consist mainly of direct revenue sources and/or charges for services applicable to that fund's ongoing operations. All revenue and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

Encumbrance Accounting

Encumbrances are not liabilities and, therefore, are not recorded as expenditures until receipt of material or service. For budgetary purposes, appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end. The Town does not utilize encumbrance accounting for its general fund.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Use of Estimates

During the preparation of the Town's financial statements, management is required to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities and disclosure of contingent items as of the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses/expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

State statutes require that all investments made by the Town consider the safe and sound investment of principal and preservation of capital in the overall portfolio, maintenance of sufficient liquidity to meet day-to-day operations and other cash requirements and maximization of income, within established investment risk guidelines, with consistent cash flows throughout the budgetary cycle. These investment policies apply to all Town funds.

Deposits:

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of a failure of a depository financial institution, the Town will not be able to recover its deposits. The Town does not have a policy covering custodial credit risk for deposits. However, the Town maintains deposits in qualifying financial institutions that are a member of the FDIC or NCUSIF as defined in Title 30-A, Section 5706 of the Maine Revised Statutes.

At June 30, 2020, the Town's deposits amounting to \$2,328,856 were comprised of bank deposits of \$2,375,382. Bank deposits and cash equivalents are adjusted primarily by outstanding checks and deposits in transit to reconcile to the Town's cash and cash equivalents balance. Of these deposits, \$2,339,831 was fully covered by federal depository insurance and consequently was not exposed to custodial credit risk. The remaining deposits of \$35,551 were uncollateralized and uninsured.

	Bank				
Account Type	Balance				
NOW Checking accounts	\$	22,540			
Savings accounts		285,551			
ICS accounts		2,063,755			
Cash equivalents		3,536			
	\$	2,375,382			

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Investments:

Custodial credit risk for investments is that, in the event of failure of the counterparty, the Town will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in possession of an outside party. Currently, the Town does not have a policy for custodial credit risk for investments. Of the Town's investments of \$305,475, \$231,344 were covered by the Securities Investor Protection Corporation (SIPC) and therefore not exposed to custodial credit risk. The remaining investments of \$74,131 of mutual funds were registered in the client's name through the Direct Registration System and consequently was not exposed to custodial credit risk.

Interest rate risk - is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The Town does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from fluctuations in interest rates.

Investment Type	Fair Value				< 1	< 1 Year		1 - 5 Years		> 5 Years	
Equity securities: Mutual funds:											
Equities	\$	84,334	\$	84,334	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
Exchange traded funds		147,010		147,010		-		-		-	
Debt securities:											
Mutual funds		74,131		-		-		74,131		-	
	\$	305,475	\$	231,344	\$	-	\$	74,131	\$	-	

At June 30, 2020, the Town had the following investments:

Fair Value Hierarchy

The Town categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The Town has the following recurring fair value measurements as June 30, 2020:

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

			Fair Value Measurements Using						
			Quo	ted Prices in	Si	gnificant			
			Act	ive Markets		Other	Sigr	ificant	
			fo	r Identical	Ob	oservable	Unobs	servable	
	Jun	e 30, 2020		Assets		Inputs	Inj	outs	
		Total		(Level I)	(Level II)	(Le	vel III)	
Investments by fair value level									
Debt securities:									
Mutual funds	\$	74,131	\$	-	\$	74,131	\$	-	
Total debt securities		74,131		-		74,131		-	
Equity securities:									
Mutual funds and exchange traded funds	\$	231,344	\$	231,344	\$	-	\$	-	
Total equity securities		231,344		231,344		-		-	
			•	~~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~	•		•		
Total investments by fair value level		305,475	\$	231,344	\$	74,131	\$	-	
Cash equivalents measured at the net asset value (NAV)									
Money market mutual funds		3,536							
Total cash equivalents measured at the NAV		3,536							
Total investments and cash equivalents measured	•								
at fair value	\$	309,011							

Equity securities classified in Level I of the fair value hierarchy are valued using prices quoted in active markets for those securities. Debt securities classified in Level II of the fair value hierarchy are valued from publicly reliable sources or using a matrix pricing technique. Matrix pricing is used to value securities based on the securities' relationship to benchmark quoted prices. The Town has no Level III investments. The fair value of money market mutual funds that are measured at NAV per share (or its equivalent) is calculated as of June 30, 2020 in a manner consistent with the Financial Accounting Standards Board's measurement principles for investment companies.

Credit risk - Statutes for the State of Maine authorize the Town to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, agencies and instrumentalities, other states and Canada, provided such securities are rated within the three highest grades by an approved rating service of the State of Maine, corporate stocks and bonds within statutory limits, financial institutions, mutual funds and repurchase agreements. The Town does not have an investment policy on credit risk. Generally, the Town invests excess funds in savings accounts and various insured certificates of deposit.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 3 - INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

Interfund balances at June 30, 2020 consisted of the following individual fund receivables and payables:

		ceivables Due from)	Payables (Due to)
General fund	\$	11,741	\$ 238,367
Nonmajor special revenue funds		138,329	369
Nonmajor capital projects funds		74,003	11,362
Nonmajor permanent funds	_	26,035	 10
	\$	250,108	\$ 250,108

The result of amounts owed between funds are considered to be in the course of normal operations by the Town. Reconciliation of the amounts owed between funds may or may not be expected to be repaid within one year in their entirety due to the recurring nature of these transactions during operations.

NOTE 4 - INTERFUND TRANSFERS

Interfund transfers at June 30, 2020 consisted of the following:

	Tr	ansfers In	Tr	ansfers Out
General fund	\$	-	\$	58,058
Nonmajor special revenue funds		28,598		-
Nonmajor capital projects funds		29,460		-
	\$	58,058	\$	58,058

Interfund transfers are the results of legally authorized activity and are considered to be in the course of normal operations.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 5 - CAPITAL ASSETS

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets for the year ended June 30, 2020:

	Balance, 7/1/19			Additions	Disposals/ Transfers			Balance, 6/30/20
Governmental activities								
Non-depreciated assets:								
Land	\$	387,517	\$	-	\$	-	\$	387,517
Construction in progress		31,745		-		(31,745)		-
		419,262		_		(31,745)		387,517
Depreciated assets:								
Buildings		866,200		-		-		866,200
Building improvements		759,531		-		-		759,531
Machinery and equipment		1,132,062		21,933		-		1,153,995
Vehicles		1,612,612		-		-		1,612,612
Infrastructure		733,520		270,552		-		1,004,072
		5,103,925		292,485		-		5,396,410
Less: accumulated depreciation		(3,280,049)		(143,098)		-		(3,423,147)
		1,823,876		149,387		-		1,973,263
Net capital assets	\$	2,243,138	\$	149,387	\$	(31,745)	\$	2,360,780
Business-type activities Depreciated assets:								
Buildings	\$	1,398,500	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,398,500
Machinery and equipment		1,775,043		-		-		1,775,043
Vehicles		47,439		-		-		47,439
Infrastructure		918,979		-		_		918,979
		4,139,961		-		-		4,139,961
Less: accumulated depreciation		(3,240,214)		(180,591)		_		(3,420,805)
		899,747		(180,591)		-		719,156
Net capital assets	\$	899,747	\$	(180,591)	\$		\$	719,156
Current year depreciation								
Administration							\$	7,513
Public Safety								50,357
Public Works								83,744
Transfer Station								484
Town-wide								1,000
Subtotal governmental activities dep	recia	tion expense						143,098
Sewer								180,591
Total depreciation expense							\$	323,689

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 6 - LONG-TERM NOTE RECEIVABLES

On January 8, 2014, the Town issued a promissory note to Lamb Block Associates, LLC in the amount of \$400,000 for the redevelopment of Lamb Block. The note was issued at a 0% interest rate with a maturity date of January 8, 2042.

At the June 12, 2018 Town Meeting, the Town voted to loan \$9,000 from unassigned fund balance to the Livermore Falls Jug Hill Riders Snowmobile Club to purchase a snowmobile to groom trails. The loan will be repaid over four years from the Club and snowmobile reimbursements from the State of Maine. The balance outstanding as of June 30, 2020 was \$6,948.

NOTE 7 - LONG-TERM DEBT

The following is a summary of changes in the long-term debt for the year ended June 30, 2020:

	Balance, 7/1/19 Additions Deletions			3alance, 6/30/20	Current Portion			
<u>Governmental activities</u> Bond payable Notes from direct	\$	643,000	\$	-	\$ (13,678)	\$ 629,322	\$	14,122
borrowings payable		209,605		-	(70,043)	139,562		84,062
	\$	852,605	\$	-	\$ (83,721)	\$ 768,884	\$	98,184
Business-type activities Bonds payable	\$	952,035	\$	_	\$ (166,297)	\$ 785,738	\$	87,365

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 7 - LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

The following is a summary of the bonds and notes from direct borrowings outstanding as of June 30, 2020:

Governmental activities:

\$643,000, 2018 General Obligation Bond due in annual principal and interest payments of \$34,575 through September of 2047 with a final payment of \$33,349 by September 2048. Interest is at a fixed rate of 3.25% per annum. \$ 629,323 Business-type activities: \$250,000, 2007 Sewer Bond due in annual principal payments of \$16,667 through November of 2022. Interest varies from a fixed rate of 2.00% to 5.95% per annum. \$ 50,001 \$924,564, 2015A General Obligation Bond due in varying annual principal payments of \$8,525 to \$67,811 through November of 2040. Interest varies from a fixed rate of 0.35% to 3.97% per annum. 653,319 \$103,000, 2011 General Obligation Bond due in annual principal and interest payments of \$5,369 through 2040. Interest is charged at a fixed rate of 3.00% per annum. 82,418 785,738 Total bonds payable \$1,415,061 Governmental activities: \$43,105, 2019 note payable to Androscoggin Bank for two police cruisers, due in annual payments of \$11,583 through August of 2022. Interest is charged at a fixed rate of 3.79% per annum. \$ 28,562 \$166,500, 2019 note payable to Anderson Equipment Company for a Komatsu wheel loader, due in annual payments of \$55,500 through September of 2021. No interest is being charged on this note. 111,000 Total notes from direct borrowings payable \$ 139,562

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 7 - LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

The annual principal and interest requirements to amortize the bonds and note from direct borrowings are as follows:

-	_									
Year Ending	Bonds					ote from dire	rrowings			
June 30,	F	Principal		Interest	F	Principal	ıl	nterest		Total
2021	\$	14,122	\$	20,453	\$	84,062	\$	1,173	\$	119,810
2022		14,581		19,994		55,500		-		90,075
2023		15,055		19,520		-		-		34,575
2024		15,544		19,031		-		-		34,575
2025		16,049		18,526		-		-		34,575
2026-2030		88,418		84,457		-		-		172,875
2031-2035		103,751		69,124		-		-		172,875
2036-2040		121,742		51,133						172,875
2041-2045		142,854		30,021		-		-		172,875
2046-2050		97,206		6,381						103,587
	\$	629,322	\$	338,640	\$	139,562	\$	1,173	\$	1,108,697

	Business-type Activities											
Year Ending June 30,	5	Principal		Interest		Total						
		ппсіраі		Interest		Total						
2021	\$	87,365	\$	22,181	\$	109,546						
2022		87,451		19,863		107,314						
2023		87,541		17,409		104,950						
2024		70,966		15,262		86,228						
2025		71,060		13,428		84,488						
2026-2030		238,253		39,320		277,573						
2031-2035		63,225		20,449		83,674						
2036-2040		66,506		8,885		75,391						
2041-2045		13,371		324		13,695						
	\$	785,738	\$	157,121	\$	942,859						

All bonds and notes from direct borrowings payable are direct obligations of the Town, for which its full faith and credit are pledged. The Town is not obligated for any special assessment debt. All debt is payable from taxes levied on all taxable property within the Town.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 8 - OTHER LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

A summary of other long-term obligations for the year ended June 30, 2020 is as follows:

	Balance, 7/1/19					eletions	Balance, 6/30/20	Current Portion	
Governmental activities Accrued compensated									
absences	\$	32,663	\$	21,111	\$	-	\$ 53,774	\$	10,755
Net pension liability Net OPEB liability		181,380 33,196		69,905 5,739		(43,134) (1,905)	208,151 37,030		-
Totals	\$	247,239	\$	96,755	\$	(45,039)	\$ 298,955	\$	10,755
Business-type activities Accrued compensated absences	\$	237	\$	6,482	\$	-	\$ 6.719	\$	3,360

Please see Notes 9, 16 and 17 for detailed information on each of the other long-term obligations.

NOTE 9 - ACCRUED COMPENSATED ABSENCES

The Town's policies regarding vacation and sick time permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation leave. The liability for these compensated absences is recorded as long-term obligations in the government-wide financial statements. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report only the compensated absence liability payable from expendable available financial resources, while the proprietary funds report the liability as it is incurred. As of June 30, 2020, the Town's liability for compensated absences is \$60,493.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 10 - RESTRICTED NET POSITION AND FUND BALANCES

At June 30, 2020, the Town had the following restricted net position and fund balances:

Special revenue funds (Schedule E):	
D.A.R.E.	\$ 5,865
CDBG fund	449
TIF	120,477
Homeland security grant	10,283
Pass through LAMB grant	400,000
Permanent funds (Schedule I):	
Haines corner cemetery	400
Richardson cemetery	403
Ministerial school fund	5,254
Library trust	26,035
	\$ 569,166

NOTE 11 - COMMITTED FUND BALANCES

At June 30, 2020, the Town had the following committed fund balances:

Nonmajor special revenue funds (Schedule E)	\$	7,569
---	----	-------

NOTE 12 - ASSIGNED FUND BALANCES

At June 30, 2020, the Town had the following assigned fund balances:

General fund:	
Paving	\$ 12,467
Code enforcement	7,924
Transfer station	10,216
Fire department	2,256
Nonmajor capital projects funds (Schedule G)	 286,205
	\$ 319,068

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 13 - OVERSPENT APPROPRIATIONS

At June 30, 2020, the Town had the following overspent appropriations:

Library (Article 23)	\$ 318
Recreation (Article 25)	17,472
General assistance (Article 26)	606
Education	 20
	\$ 18,416

NOTE 14 - OVERLAPPING DEBT

The Town is responsible for its proportionate share of County and School District debt. As of June 30, 2020, the County of Androscoggin had no outstanding debt. The Town's share of school debt was as follows:

	Outstanding	Town's	Total
	Debt	Percentage	Share
RSU No. 73	\$ 6,509,192	35.73%	\$ 2,325,734

NOTE 15 - RISK MANAGEMENT - PARTICIPATION IN A PUBLIC ENTITY RISK POOL

The Town is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters for which the Town participates in a public entity risk pool sponsored by the Maine Municipal Association. The Maine Municipal Association Group Risk Pool is a state-chartered pool established exclusively for Maine municipalities. The pool provides certain property, liability, fidelity and vehicle coverage. If the assets of the pool are at any time actuarially determined to be insufficient to enable the pool to discharge its legal obligations, other obligations and actuarially sound reserves, the pool has the power to make up the deficiency by the levy of a prorated assessment. There have been no deficiencies during the past three years and management believes that no deficiency exists at June 30, 2020.

The Town is a member of the Maine Municipal Association - Property and Casualty Pool and pays an annual premium for its coverage. Under the property portion of the policy, coverage is provided after a per occurrence deductible is met. The limit of coverage for liability claims brought under the Maine Tort Claims Act is \$400,000 per occurrence. A \$2,000,000 limit of liability is provided for liability claims outside the Maine Tort Claims Act. There is no aggregate liability limit. Coverage for Public Officials Liability, including Employment Practices, is a part of the program. Coverage is on an

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 15 - RISK MANAGEMENT - PARTICIPATION IN A PUBLIC ENTITY RISK POOL (CONTINUED)

occurrence basis, rather than a "claims made" form. A \$2,000,000 limit of liability is provided for all claims for Wrongful Acts seeking monetary damages pursuant to federal or state law for which the Maine Tort Claims Act does not provide immunity or limitations. Each member has a \$4,000,000 annual aggregate limit. An annual sublimit of \$100,000 per member applies for all back wages and/or future salary awards for employment related claims, subject to a \$5,000 retention and a 10% contribution by the member.

The Town is also a member of the Maine Municipal Association - Worker Compensation Trust Fund ("Fund"). The Fund was created to formulate, develop and administer a program of modified self-funding for the Fund's membership, obtain lower costs for worker's compensation coverage and develop a comprehensive loss control program. The Town pays an annual premium to the fund for its worker's compensation coverage. The Town's agreement with the Fund provides that the fund will be self-sustaining through member premiums and will provide, through commercial companies' reinsurance contracts, coverage for claims in excess of \$1,000,000.

The Town is also a member of the Maine Municipal Association - Unemployment Compensation Group Fund ("MMA UC Fund"). The MMA UC Fund was created to assist in meeting members' obligations under the Employment Security Act in an efficient and cost-effective manner. The Fund is composed of individual municipalities and other public and related non-profit entities that are individually self-insured but administered as a group. Within the Fund, each member has a separate account. As such, the Town makes quarterly payments into their account, based on rates developed by MMA's consulting actuary. Claims, if any, are paid out of the Town's own account. The Maine Department of Labor classifies MMA's UC Fund members as Direct Reimbursement Employers. In other words, the Fund reimburses the Maine DOL on the Town's behalf only when the Town has unemployment claims from present or former employees.

Occasionally, the Town may have layoffs or resignations or even a part-time employee losing a primary job, that lead to larger claims payments than anticipated. When claims exceed the balance of the Town's account, the UC Fund continues to pay the Town's claims with no regard for the negative balance. Repayment of a negative balance is spread out over a period of years to avoid a financial hardship to the Town.

Based on the coverage provided by the insurance purchased, the Town is not aware of any material actual or potential claim liabilities which should be recorded as of June 30, 2020. There were no significant reductions in insurance coverage from that of the prior year and amounts of settlements have not exceeded insurance coverage in the past three years.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 16 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

MAINE PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM

PARTICIPATING LOCAL DISTRICT CONSOLIDATED PLAN

Plan Description

Town employees contribute to the Maine Public Employees Retirement System (MainePERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan established by the Maine State Legislature. Title 5 of the Maine Revised Statutes Annotated assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the Participating Local District (PLD) Consolidated Plan's advisory group, which reviews the terms of the plan and periodically makes recommendations to the Legislature to amend the terms. The Maine Public Employees Retirement System issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the Consolidated Plan. That report may be obtained online at www.mainepers.org or by contacting the System at (207) 512-3100.

Benefits Provided

The Maine Public Employees Retirement System provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. The System's retirement programs provide defined retirement benefits based on members' average final compensation and service credit earned as of retirement. Vesting (i.e., eligibility for benefits upon reaching qualification) occurs upon the earning of five years of service credit (effective October 1, 1999, the prior ten-year requirement was reduced by legislative action to five years for employees of PLDs). In some cases, vesting occurs on the earning of one year of service credit immediately preceding retirement at or after normal retirement age. For PLD members, normal retirement age is 60 or 65. The monthly benefit of members who retire before normal retirement age by virtue of having at least 25 years of service credit is reduced by a statutorily prescribed factor for each year of age that a member is below her/his normal retirement age at retirement. The System also provides disability and death benefits which are established by contract with PLD employers under applicable statutory provisions. As of June 30, 2019, there were 307 employers in the plan.

Upon termination of membership, members' accumulated employee contributions are refundable with interest, credited in accordance with statute. Withdrawal of accumulated contributions results in forfeiture of all benefits and membership rights. The annual rate of interest credited to members' accounts is set by the System's Board of Trustees and is currently 2.69%.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 16 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

Contributions

Retirement benefits are funded by contributions from members and employers and by earnings on investments. Disability and death benefits are funded by employer normal cost contributions and by investment earnings. The Town's AN plan members are required to contribute 7.05% of their annual covered salary. The Town is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The current rate is 7.80% for the AN plan of covered payroll. The contribution rates of plan members and the Town are established and may be amended by the Maine Public Employee Retirement Systems advisory group. The Town's contribution to the MainePERS PLD Consolidated Plan for the year ended June 30, 2020 was \$38,368.

Pension Liabilities

PLD Consolidated Plan

At June 30, 2020, the Town reported a liability of \$208,151 for its proportionate share of the net pension liabilities for the plan. The net pension liabilities were measured as of June 30, 2019 and the total pension liabilities used to calculate the net pension liabilities was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The Town's proportion of the net pension liabilities were based on a projection of the Town's long-term share of contributions to each pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all PLDs, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2019, the Town's proportion was 0.06810%, which was an increase of 0.00182% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2018.

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the Town recognized total pension expense of \$25,553 for the PLD plan. At June 30, 2020, the Town reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 16 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

	PLD Plan			
	Defer	red Outflows	Defe	erred Inflows
	of F	Resources	ofF	Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 24,646		\$	_
Changes of assumptions	•	10,542	·	-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		-		52,137
Changes in proportion and differences between contributions and proportionate share of				
contributions		9,409		-
Contributions subsequent to the measurement				
date		38,368		-
Total	\$	82,965	\$	52,137

\$38,368 for the PLD plan was reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from Town contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the years ended June 30, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	PLD Plan		
Plan year ended June 30:			
2020	\$	15,848	
2021		(21,170)	
2022		(2,187)	
2023		(33)	
2024		-	
Thereafter		-	

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

The respective collective total pension liability for the plans was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019, using the following methods and assumptions applied to all periods included in the measurement:

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 16 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

Actuarial Cost Method

The Entry Age Normal actuarial funding method is used to determine costs. Under this funding method, the total employer contribution rate consists of two elements: the normal cost rate and the unfunded actuarial liability (UAL) rate.

The individual entry age normal method is used to determine liabilities. Under the individual entry age normal method, a normal cost rate is calculated for each employee. This rate is determined by taking the value, as of age at entry into the plan, of the member's projected future benefits and dividing it by the value, also as of the member's entry age, of his or her expected future salary. The normal cost for each employee is the product of his or her pay and his or her normal cost rate. The normal cost for the group is the sum of the normal costs for all members.

Experience gains and losses, i.e., actual decreases or increases in liabilities and/or in assets which differ from the actuarial assumptions, affect the unfunded actuarial accrued liability.

Asset Valuation Method

The actuarial valuation employs a technique for determining the actuarial value of assets which reduces the impact of short-term volatility in the market value. The specific technique adopted in this valuation recognizes in a given year one-third of the investment return that is different from the actuarial assumption for investment return.

Amortization

The net pension liability of the PLD Consolidated Plan is amortized on a level percentage of payroll using a method where a separate twenty-year closed period is established annually for the gain or loss for that year.

Significant actuarial assumptions employed by the actuary for funding purposes as of June 30, 2019 are as follows:

Investment Rate of Return - 6.75% per annum for the year ended June 30, 2019 compounded annually.

Salary Increases, Merit and Inflation - 2.75% to 9.00% per year

Mortality Rates - For active members and non-disabled retirees of the PLD Consolidated and State Employee and Teacher Plans, the RP2014 Total Dataset Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table, for males and females, is used. For all

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 16 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

recipients of disability benefits, the RP2014 Total Dataset Disabled Annuitant Mortality Table, for males and females, is used.

Cost of Living Benefit Increases - 1.91%

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan assets was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major class of assets. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as June 30, 2019 are summarized in the following table.

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-term Expected Real Rate of Return
Public equities	30.0%	6.0%
US Government	7.5%	2.3%
Private equity	15.0%	7.6%
Real assets:		
Real estate	10.0%	5.2%
Infrastructure	10.0%	5.3%
Natural resources	5.0%	5.0%
Traditional credit	7.5%	3.0%
Alternative credit	5.0%	4.2%
Diversifiers	10.0%	5.9%

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the collective total pension liability was 6.75% for 2019 for the Plan. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer and non-employer entity contributions will be made at contractually required rates, actuarially determined. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 16 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

The following table shows how the collective net pension liability as of June 30, 2019 would change if the discount rate used was one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current rate. The current rate is 6.75% for each of the Plans.

		1% crease		Discount Rate	1% Increase		
<u>PLD Plan:</u> Discount rate	5.75%		6.75%		7.75%		
Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	474,154	\$	208,151	\$	(40,670)	

Changes in Net Pension Liability

Each employer's share of the collective net pension liability is equal to the collective net pension liability multiplied by the employer's proportionate share as of June 30, 2019 as shown in the schedules of employer and non-employer contributing entity allocations. Changes in net pension liability are recognized in pension expense for the year ended June 30, 2019 with the following exceptions.

Differences between Expected and Actual Experience

The difference between expected and actual experience with regard to economic or demographic factors were recognized in pension expense using a straight-line amortization method over a closed period equal to the average expected remaining service lives of active and inactive members in each plan. The first year is recognized as pension expense and the remaining years are shown as either deferred outflows of resources or deferred inflows of resource. For 2019, this was four years; for 2018, this was four years; prior to 2018, this was three years for the PLD Consolidated Plan.

Differences between Expected and Actual Investment Earnings

Differences between projected and actual investment earnings were recognized in pension expense using a straight-line amortization method over a closed five-year period. The first year is recognized as pension expense and the remaining years are shown as either deferred outflows of resources or deferred inflows of resources.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 16 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

Changes in Assumptions

Differences due to changes in assumptions about future economic or demographic factors or other inputs were recognized in pension expense using a straight-line amortization method over a closed period equal to the average expected remaining service lives of active and inactive members in each plan. The actuarial assumptions used for the year ended June 30, 2019 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period of June 30, 2012 through June 30, 2015. Please refer to the *Actuarial Methods and Assumptions* section for information relating to changes of assumptions. The first year is recognized as pension expense and the remaining years are shown as either deferred outflows of resources or deferred inflows of resources.

Changes in Proportion and Differences between Employer Contributions and Proportionate Share of Contributions

Differences resulting from a change in proportionate share of contributions and differences between total employer contributions and the employer's proportionate share of contributions were recognized in pension expense using a straight-line amortization method over a closed period equal to the average expected remaining service lives of active and inactive members in each plan. The first year is recognized as pension expense and the remaining years are shown as either deferred outflows of resources or deferred inflows of resources. Differences between total employer contributions may arise when an employer has a contribution requirement for an employer specific liability.

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Additional financial and actuarial information with respect to the Plan can be found in the MainePERS' 2019 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report available online at <u>www.mainepers.org</u> or by contacting the System at (207) 512-3100.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 17 - OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) GROUP LIFE INSURANCE PLAN

MAINE PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM

Plan Description

Town employees contribute to the Group Life Insurance Plan for Retired Participating Local District (PLD) (the PLD Consolidated Plan of the Maine Public Employees Retirement System (MainePERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit plan established by the Maine State Legislature. Title 5 of the Maine Revised Statutes Annotated assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the Participating Local District Consolidated Plan's advisory group, which reviews the terms of the plan and periodically makes recommendations to the Legislature to amend the terms. As of June 30, 2019, there were 239 employers participating in the plan. The Maine Public Employees Retirement System issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the Consolidated Plan. That report may be obtained online at <u>www.mainepers.org</u> or by contacting the System at (207) 512-3100.

Benefits Provided

The Group Life Insurance Plan (the Plan) provides basic group life insurance benefits, during retirement, to retirees who participated in the Plan prior to retirement for a minimum of 10 years (the 10-year participation requirement does not apply to recipients of disability retirement benefits). The level of coverage in retirement is initially set to an amount equal to the retiree's average final compensation. The initial amount of basic life is then subsequently reduced at the rate of 15% per year to the greater of 40% of the initial amount or \$2,500.

Contributions

Life insurance benefits are funded by contributions from members and employers. Premium rates are those determined by the MainePERS' Board of Trustees to be actuarially sufficient to pay anticipated claims. For state employees, the premiums for retiree life insurance coverage are factored into the premiums paid for basic coverage while participants are active members. Premiums for basic life insurance coverage for retired teachers are paid by the State as the total dollar amount of each year's annual required contribution. PLD employers are required to remit a premium of \$0.46 per \$1,000 of coverage for covered active employees, a portion of which is to provide a level of coverage in retirement. PLD employers with retired PLD employees continue to remit a premium of \$0.46 per \$1,000 of coverage per month during the postemployment retired period. The Town's contribution to the Plan for the year ended June 30, 2020 was \$0.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 17 - OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) GROUP LIFE INSURANCE PLAN (CONTINUED)

Proportionate Net OPEB Liability, OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

At June 30, 2020, the Town reported a liability of \$37,030 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liabilities for the Plan. The net OPEB liabilities were measured as of June 30, 2019 and the total OPEB liabilities used to calculate the net OPEB liabilities was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The Town's proportion of the net OPEB liabilities were based on a projection of the Town's long-term share of contributions to the Plan relative to the projected contributions of all PLDs, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2019, the Town's proportion was 0.173057%, which was an increase of 0.00873% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2018.

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the Town recognized net OPEB revenue of \$224. At June 30, 2020, the Town reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	PLD Life Insurance				
		ed Outflows		red Inflows	
	of R	esources	of R	esources	
Differences between expected and actual					
experience	\$	2,360	\$	1,656	
Changes of assumptions		3,082		4,838	
Net difference between projected and actual					
earnings on OPEB plan investments		-		-	
Changes in proportion and differences between					
contributions and proportionate share of		4 000		4 070	
contributions		1,600		1,872	
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date		-		-	
Total	\$	7,042	\$	8,366	

\$0 was reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from Town contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 17 - OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) GROUP LIFE INSURANCE PLAN (CONTINUED)

	PLD Li	fe Insurance
Plan year ended June 30:		
2020	\$	(1,204)
2021		(1,204)
2022		(858)
2023		1,365
2024		578
Thereafter		-

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

The collective total OPEB liability for the Plan was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019, using the following methods and assumptions applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Actuarial Cost Method

The Entry Age Normal actuarial funding method is used to determine costs. Under this funding method, the total employer contribution rate consists of two elements: the normal cost rate and the unfunded actuarial liability (UAL) rate.

The individual entry age normal method is used to determine liabilities. Under the individual entry age normal method, a normal cost rate is calculated for each employee. This rate is determined by taking the value, as of age at entry into the plan, of the member's projected future benefits and dividing it by the value, also as of the member's entry age, of his or her expected future salary. The normal cost for each employee is the product of his or her pay and his or her normal cost rate. The normal cost for the group is the sum of the normal costs for all members.

Experience gains and losses, i.e., decreases or increases in liabilities and/or in assets when actual experience differs from the actuarial assumptions, affect the unfunded actuarial accrued liability.

Asset Valuation Method

Investments are reported at fair value.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 17 - OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) GROUP LIFE INSURANCE PLAN (CONTINUED)

Amortization

The net OPEB liability of the Plan is amortized on a level percentage of payroll over a thirty-year period on a closed basis. As of June 30, 2019, there were 11 years remaining for the Plan.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2019 and June 30, 2018 actuarial valuations were based on the results of an actuarial experience study conducted for the period of June 30, 2012 to June 30, 2015.

Significant actuarial assumptions employed by the actuary for funding purposes as of June 30, 2019 are as follows:

Investment Rate of Return - For the PLD Plan, 6.75% per annum, compounded annually.

Inflation Rate - 2.75%

Annual Salary Increases including Inflation - For the PLD Plan, 2.75% to 9.00% per year.

Mortality Rates - For active members and non-disabled retirees of the Plan, the RP2014 Total Dataset Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table, for males and females, is used. For all recipients of disability benefits, the RP2014 Total Dataset Disabled Annuitant Mortality Table, for males and females, is used. These tables are adjusted by percentages ranging from 104% to 120% based on actuarially determined demographic differences.

Participation Rate for Future Retirees - 100% of those currently enrolled.

Conversion Charges - Apply to the cost of active group life insurance, not retiree group life insurance.

Form of Benefit Payment - Lump sum

The long-term expected rate of return on the Plan's investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major class of assets. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 17 - OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) GROUP LIFE INSURANCE PLAN (CONTINUED)

by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of long-term real rates of return for each major asset class included in the target asset allocation as of June 30, 2019 are summarized in the following table. Assets for the defined benefit plan are comingled for investment purposes.

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-term Expected Real Rate of Return
Public equities	70.00%	6.00%
Real estate	5.00%	5.20%
Traditional credit	15.00%	3.00%
US Government securities	10.00%	2.30%
Total	100.00%	

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the collective total OPEB liability was 4.98% for 2019. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employer contributions will be made at contractually required rates, actuarially determined.

The following table shows how the collective net OPEB liability/(asset) as of June 30, 2019 would change if the discount rate used was one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current rate. The current rate is 4.98% for the PLD Plan.

	D	1% ecrease	۵	Discount Rate	l	1% ncrease	
PLD Life Insurance: Discount rate		3.98%		4.98%		5.98%	
Town's proportionate share of the net OPEB benefits liability	\$	48,901	\$	37,030	\$	27,671	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 17 - OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) GROUP LIFE INSURANCE PLAN (CONTINUED)

Changes in Net OPEB Liability

Each employer's share of the collective net OPEB liability is equal to the collective net OPEB liability multiplied by the employer's proportionate share as of June 30, 2019 as shown in the schedules of employer and non-employer contributing entity allocations. Changes in net OPEB liability are recognized in OPEB expense for the year ended June 30, 2019 with the following exceptions:

Differences between Expected and Actual Experience

The difference between expected and actual experience with regard to economic or demographic factors are recognized in OPEB expense using a straight-line amortization method over a closed period equal to the average expected remaining service lives of active and inactive members in each plan. The first year is recognized as OPEB expense and the remaining years are shown as either deferred outflows of resources or deferred inflows of resources. The differences between expected and actual experience was \$704 as of June 30, 2019.

Differences between Projected and Actual Investment Earnings on OPEB Plan Investments

Differences between projected and actual investment earnings are recognized in OPEB expense using a straight-line amortization method over a closed five-year period. The first year is recognized as OPEB expense and the remaining years are shown as either deferred outflows of resources or deferred inflows of resources.

Changes in Assumptions

Differences due to changes in assumptions about future economic or demographic factors or other inputs are recognized in OPEB expense using a straightline amortization method over a closed period equal to the average expected remaining service lives of active and inactive members in each plan. The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2019 and June 30, 2018 actuarial valuations were based on the results of an actuarial experience study conducted for the period of June 30, 2012 to June 30, 2015. The first year is recognized as OPEB expense and the remaining years are shown as either deferred outflows of resources or deferred inflows of resources. The amortization period for the PLD Plan was six years for 2019. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, there were no changes in assumptions with the exception of the use of a blended discount rate for the PLD Plan. Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 74, *Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other than Pensions Plans*, requires the use of a blended discount rate for determining

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 17 - OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) GROUP LIFE INSURANCE PLAN (CONTINUED)

the total OPEB liability when it is projected that plan assets are not sufficient to meet benefit obligations in the future. In years where assets are projected to be sufficient to pay benefits, the Plan's assumed rate of return is used; in years where assets are not projected to be sufficient to pay benefits, the use of a municipal bond rate is required. The result is a single blended discount rate.

Changes in Proportion and Differences between Employer Contributions and Proportionate Share of Contributions

Differences resulting from a change in proportionate share of contributions and differences between total employer contributions and the employer's proportionate share of contributions are recognized in OPEB expense using a straight-line amortization method over a closed period equal to the average expected remaining service lives of active and inactive members in each plan. The first year is recognized as OPEB expense and the remaining years are shown as either deferred outflows of resources or deferred inflows of resources. Differences between total employer contributions and the employer's proportionate share of contributions may arise when an employer has a contribution requirement for an employer specific liability. There were no differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions as of June 30, 2019.

OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Additional financial and actuarial information with respect to the Plan can be found in the MainePERS' 2019 Annual Comprehensive Financial Report available online at <u>www.mainepers.org</u> or by contacting the System at (207) 512-3100.

NOTE 18 - COMPONENT UNIT

The Town of Livermore Falls has shown the following component unit separately in the financial statements:

The Livermore Falls Sewer Treatment Plant was created through an interlocal agreement between the Towns of Livermore Falls and Jay, Maine for the purpose of constructing, operating and maintaining sewerage treatment facilities. A joint committee, comprised of three residents from each municipality, is responsible for the administration of the interlocal agreement. Together, both towns are obligated by contract to fund a reserve account to cover the cost of major repairs or replacements at the facilities. As of the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, the most recent information available, the balance in the reserve account was \$262,790. Operating, maintenance and administrative costs for the sewerage treatment plant and disposal facilities are

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 18 - COMPONENT UNIT (CONTINUED)

prorated between the towns based on metered volume of flow.

The sewer treatment plant's audited financial statements are available at Livermore Falls Sewerage Treatment Plant, 2 Main Street, Livermore Falls, Maine 04254.

NOTE 19 - TAX INCREMENT FINANCING DISTRICT

Tax Increment Financing District

The Town has established a tax increment financing district in accordance with Maine statutes to finance economic development programs located in the Town of Livermore Falls, Maine. The expenditures from these development programs will be recovered in future years through an incremental tax levied upon the town's so called "captured assessed value". A portion of the incremental tax revenues will be returned to the district to repay principal and interest on any indebtedness, to fund the expenditures of the development program and to finance future expansion.

Omnibus Development Municipal Tax Increment Financing District and Development Program

On March 21, 2014, the Maine Department of Economic and Community Development, approved a Tax Increment Financing District to expand and diversify the Town's tax base and improve its economy. The area of the District is approximately 125 acres. The potential projects that will be implemented under this Development Program include infrastructure improvements, environmental improvements and planning and administrative expenses associated with the development effort. The original assessed value of the property is \$7,358,840. The Town anticipates over the life of the district that new development, rehabilitation and redevelopment will result in approximately \$8,600,000 in new taxable value. Tax increment revenues generated from this value over the life of the district will be approximately \$3,200,000. The Development Program provides for 100% of the increase in assessed value of the District to be captured and designated as captured assessed value for 30 years. The tax increment revenues will be deposited by the Town into the Development Program Fund for a period of 30 years. The Development Program Fund is pledged to and charged with the payment of the project costs in the manner provided in 30-A M.R.S.A. §5801.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 19 - TAX INCREMENT FINANCING DISTRICT (CONTINUED)

The TIF District will remain in place for a period of 30 years from adoption. The allocation of tax increment revenues, through a credit enhancement agreement, to be paid to owners/developers of specified property, will commence by agreement between the Town and the owner/developer and will continue for a period not to exceed 20 years or the remainder of the term of the District designation, whichever is less. No more than 60% of the property taxes to be generated on the improvements within the District will be returned to the developer. The remaining amount will be retained by the Town and used to fund the development plan of the District. The Selectboard shall determine, in its discretion, whether it is necessary or appropriate to enter any Credit Enhancement Agreement to grant these abatements. The state law does not provide for the recapture of abated taxes in the event an abatement recipient does not fill the commitment it makes in return for the tax abatement. The Town reserves the right to incur indebtedness to finance, in part or in whole, the projects within the Development Program. Any projects financed through municipal bonded indebtedness must be completed by March 31, 2044.

NOTE 20 - CONTINGENCIES

With regard to pending legal claims or any unasserted claims, it is not feasible at this time to predict or determine their outcome. Management believes, however, that settlement amounts, if any, will not have a material adverse effect on the Town's financial position.

The Town participates in various intergovernmental grant programs which may be subject to future program compliance audits by the grantors or their representatives. Accordingly, the Town's compliance with applicable grant requirement may be established at some future date. The amount, if any, of any liabilities arising from the disallowance of expenditures or ineligibility of grant revenues cannot be determined at this time.

NOTE 21 - COMPARATIVE DATA/RECLASSIFICATIONS

Comparative total data for the prior year have been presented in selected sections of the accompanying financial statements in order to provide an understanding of the changes in the Town's financial position and operations. Also, certain amounts presented in the prior year's data have been reclassified to be consistent with the current year's presentation.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 22 - RESTATEMENT

In 2020, the Town determined that certain transactions had been recorded incorrectly or omitted, therefore a restatement to the Town's business-type activities net position was required. The net position of the business-type activities was restated by \$16,845 to account for corrections to accounts payable and other liabilities. The resulting restatement decreased the net position of the business-type activities from \$401,444 to \$384,599.

Required Supplementary Information

Required supplementary information includes financial information and disclosures that are required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board but are not considered a part of the basic financial statements. Such information includes:

- Budgetary Comparison Schedule Budgetary Basis Budget and Actual -General Fund
- Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability
- Schedule of Contributions Pension
- Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability
- Schedule of Contributions OPEB
- Notes to Required Supplementary Information

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - BUDGETARY BASIS BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual		Variance Positive		
		Original	 Final		Amounts	()	Negative)
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1 Resources (Inflows):	\$	1,937,496	\$ 1,937,496	\$	1,937,496	\$	-
Taxes:					0 0 4 0 0 7 0		40 540
Property taxes		3,629,560	3,629,560		3,649,078		19,518
Excise taxes		409,500 583,399	409,500 596,469		389,678 673,007		(19,822) 76,538
Intergovernmental revenues Charges for services		5.800	5,800		30,245		70,538 24,445
Investment income		34,700	34,700		52,665		24,445 17,965
Miscellaneous revenues		25,000	28,000		25,559		(2,441)
Amounts Available for Appropriation		6,625,455	 6,641,525		6,757,728		116,203
		0,020,400	 0,041,525		0,757,720		110,205
Charges to Appropriations (Outflows)							
General government		387,723	391,158		379,843		11,315
Public safety		1,047,151	1,059,062		1,038,510		20,552
Public works		584,731	662,190		615,583		46,607
Transfer station		118,137	185,898		175,682		10,216
Buildings		80,505	80,505		59,271		21,234
Library		80,620	80,620		80,938		(318)
Grounds care		5,625	5,625		4,800		825
Recreation		30,327	45,011		62,483		(17,472)
General assistance		8,960	22,030		22,636		(606)
Education		2,024,335	2,024,335		2,024,355		(20)
County tax		211,693	211,693		211,693		-
Insurance		67,685	92,898		88,717		4,181
Other		51,507	54,507		8,655		45,852
Debt service:							
Principal		13,678	83,721		83,721		-
Interest		25,322	25,779		21,354		4,425
Capital outlay		70,500	22,950		22,950		-
Transfers to other funds		29,460	 58,058		58,058		-
Total Charges to Appropriations (Outflows)		4,837,959	 5,106,040		4,959,249		146,791
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$	1,787,496	\$ 1,535,485	\$	1,798,479	\$	262,994
Utilization of unassigned fund balance Utilization of assigned fund balance	\$	150,000	\$ 259,881 142,130	\$	-	\$	(259,881) (142,130)
	\$	150,000	\$ 402,011	\$	-	\$	(402,011)
		,	 ,				, -=, /

See accompanying independent auditors' report and notes to financial statements.

SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS*

	2020		2019		2018		2017		2016		2015	
PLD Plan:												
Proportion of the net pension liability		0.07%		0.07%		0.06%		0.07%		0.07%		0.06%
Proportionate share of the net												
pension liability	\$	208,151	\$	181,380	\$	255,210	\$	382,277	\$	207,617	\$	87,571
Covered payroll	\$	570,179	\$	795,757	\$	495,161	\$	607,892	\$	640,937	\$	545,672
Proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage												
of its covered payroll		36.51%		22.79%		51.54%		62.89%		32.39%		16.05%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension												
liability		90.62%		91.14%		86.43%		86.40%		81.61%		88.30%

* The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of June 30 and are for those years for which information is available.

See accompanying independent auditors' report and notes to financial statements.

SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS - PENSION LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS*

	2020		2019		2018		2017		2016		2015	
<u>PLD Plan:</u>												
Contractually required contribution Contributions in relation to the	\$	38,368	\$	41,861	\$	34,705	\$	31,810	\$	34,175	\$	5,849
contractually required contribution		(38,368)		(41,861)		(34,705)		(31,810)		(34,175)	1	(5,849)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$		\$	_	\$		\$		\$	-
Covered payroll Contributions as a percentage of	\$	519,371	\$	570,179	\$	795,757	\$	495,161	\$	607,892	\$	640,937
covered payroll		7.39%		7.34%		4.36%		6.42%		5.62%		0.91%

* The amounts presented for each fiscal year are for those years for which information is available.

See accompanying independent auditors' report and notes to financial statements.

SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS*

	2020	2019	2018	2017
PLD Life Insurance:				
Proportion of the net OPEB liability	0.17%	0.16%	0.17%	0.18%
Town's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ 37,030	\$ 33,196	\$ 40,606	\$-
Total	\$ 37,030	\$ 33,196	\$ 40,606	\$-
Covered payroll	\$ 570,179	\$ 795,757	\$ 495,161	\$ 607,892
Proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered payroll Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage	6.49%	4.17%	8.20%	0.00%
of the total OPEB liability	4.18%	43.92%	47.42%	0.00%

* The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of June 30 and are for those years for which information is available.

SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS - OPEB LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS*

	2020			2019		2018		2017
PLD Life Insurance:								
Contractually required contribution	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		-		_		-		-
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	-	\$		\$	-	\$	
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 51	9,371	\$ 57	0,179	\$79	5,757	\$	495,161
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%

* The amounts presented for each fiscal year are for those years for which information is available.

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Changes in Assumptions

MEPERS Pension Plan:

There have been no changes in actuarial assumptions since the last measurement date.

MEPERS OPEB Plan:

There have been no changes in actuarial assumptions since the last measurement date.

Other Supplementary Information

Other supplementary information includes financial statements and schedules not required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, nor a part of the basic financial statements, but are presented for purposes of additional analysis.

- Budgetary Comparison Schedule Budgetary Basis Budget and Actual - General Fund Revenues
- Schedule of Departmental Operations General Fund
- Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds
- Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds
- Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds
- Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds
- Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds
- Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds
- Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Permanent Funds
- Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Nonmajor Permanent Funds
- Schedule of General Capital Assets by Function
- Schedule of Changes in General Capital Assets by Function

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - BUDGETARY BASIS BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND REVENUES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
REVENUES				
General tax revenues:				
Property taxes	\$ 3,629,560	\$ 3,629,560	\$ 3,649,078	\$ 19,518
Vehicle excise taxes	408,000	408,000	388,291	(19,709)
Boat excise taxes	1,500	1,500	1,387	(113)
Intergovernmental revenues:				
State revenue sharing	322,584	322,584	357,383	34,799
Homestead exemption	179,726	179,726	179,715	(11)
Local road assistance	-	-	32,008	32,008
BETE reimbursement	69,089	69,089	78,831	9,742
General assistance	-	13,070	13,070	-
Town of Jay-Recreation	12,000	12,000	12,000	-
Charges for services:				
Admin fees	-	-	10,104	10,104
Clerk fees	1,800	1,800	1,044	(756)
Vital stats	4,000	4,000	5,385	1,385
Police department	-	-	1,061	1,061
Fire department	-	-	2	2
Recreation	-	-	1,577	1,577
Municipal solid waste	-	-	11,072	11,072
Investment income:				
Investment income	2,700	2,700	16,415	13,715
Interest/fees on taxes	32,000	32,000	36,250	4,250
Misc. other income:	,	,		,
Misc. income	25,000	25,000	25,559	559
Cable franchise fees	-,	3,000	- ,	(3,000)
TOTAL REVENUES	\$ 4,687,959	\$ 4,704,029	\$ 4,820,232	\$ 116,203
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	i	·

SCHEDULE OF DEPARTMENTAL OPERATIONS - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Origiı Budg		udget ustments	 Final Budget	E	Actual Expended	F	ariance Positive egative)
General Government -								
General government	\$	39,153	\$ (2,500)	\$ 36,653	\$	36,303	\$	350
Administration	33	30,678	(2,500)	328,178		325,137		3,041
Health officer		1,292	-	1,292		1,292		-
Code enforcement		16,600	 8,435	 25,035		17,111		7,924
Subtotal General Government	38	37,723	 3,435	 391,158	. <u> </u>	379,843		11,315
Public Safety -								
Police	60	09,043	-	609,043		590,747		18,296
Fire	1;	32,902	11,911	144,813		142,557		2,256
Andro County dispatch	÷	36,937	-	36,937		36,937		-
Ambulance	÷	30,513	-	30,513		30,513		-
Street lights	:	36,962	-	36,962		36,962		-
Hydrant rental	20	00,794	-	200,794		200,794		-
Subtotal Public Safety	1,04	47,151	 11,911	 1,059,062		1,038,510		20,552
Public Works -								
Highway	46	64,731	-	464,731		430,591		34,140
Paving	12	20,000	77,459	197,459		184,992		12,467
Subtotal Public Works	58	34,731	 77,459	 662,190		615,583		46,607
Transfer Station	1 [.]	18,137	 67,761	 185,898	. <u> </u>	175,682		10,216
Buildings	8	30,505	 -	 80,505		59,271		21,234
Library		80,620	 -	 80,620		80,938		(318)
Grounds Care		5,625	 -	 5,625	. <u> </u>	4,800		825
Recreation	;	30,327	 14,684	 45,011	<u> </u>	62,483		(17,472)

SCHEDULE OF DEPARTMENTAL OPERATIONS - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	 Original Budget	Budget ustments	 Final Budget	I	Actual Expended		/ariance Positive Negative)
General Assistance	 8,960	 13,070	 22,030		22,636		(606)
Education	 2,024,335	 	 2,024,335		2,024,355		(20)
County Tax	 211,693	 	 211,693		211,693		
Insurance	 67,685	 25,213	 92,898		88,717		4,181
Debt Service -							
Principal	13,678	70,043	83,721		83,721		-
Interest	 25,322	 457	 25,779		21,354		4,425
Subtotal Debt Service	 39,000	 70,500	 109,500		105,075		4,425
Other -							
Overlay	35,682		35,682				35,682
Ministerial	1,500	-	1,500		- 1,500		33,002
Western Maine Fuel Fund	1,500	-	1,500		1,500		-
Cable franchise fees	1,500	3,000	3,000		1,500		3,000
Town clock	825	5,000	825		825		3,000
Senior Plus	1,500		1,500		1,500		-
Safe Voices	500	-	500		500		-
Contingency	10,000	-	10,000		2,830		7,170
Subtotal Other	 51,507	 3,000	 54,507		8,655		45,852
Capital Outlay -							
Capital Outlay - Police cruiser	15,000	(15,000)	-		_		_
Capital Outlay - PW Truck	15,000	22,950	22,950		22,950		-
Capital Outlay - PW equipment	55,500	(55,500)	- 22,000		- 22,000		_
Subtotal Capital Outlay	 70,500	 (47,550)	 22,950		22,950		-
Transform	 	 					
Transfers -		20 500	20 500		20 500		
Special revenue	-	28,598	28,598		28,598		-
Capital outlay Subtotal Transfers	 29,460	 -	 29,460		29,460		-
Sudioial Iransiers	 29,460	 28,598	 58,058		58,058		-
Total Departmental Operations	\$ 4,837,959	\$ 268,081	\$ 5,106,040	\$	4,959,249	\$	146,791

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2020

	Special Revenue Funds			Capital Projects Funds	 ermanent Funds	Total Nonmajo Governmental Funds			
ASSETS	\$ 6,683								
Cash and cash equivalents	. ,			223,564	\$ 6,067	\$	236,314		
Due from other funds	138,329			74,003	 26,035		238,367		
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 545,012			297,567	\$ 32,102	\$	874,681		
LIABILITIES									
Due to other funds	\$	369	\$	11,362	\$ 10	\$	11,741		
TOTAL LIABILITIES		369		11,362	 10		11,741		
FUND BALANCES Nonspendable		-		-	-		-		
Restricted		537,074		-	32,092		569,166		
Committed		7,569		-	-		7,569		
Assigned		-		286,205	-		286,205		
Unassigned		-		-	-		-		
TOTAL FUND BALANCES	544,643			286,205	 32,092		862,940		
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$ 545,012		\$	297,567	\$ 32,102	\$	874,681		

COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	F	Special Revenue Funds	Capital Projects Funds	ermanent Funds	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds			
REVENUES Intergovernmental revenue Interest income Charges for services TOTAL REVENUES	\$	15,762 414 - 16,176	\$ - 1,265 - 1,265	\$ - 37 17,894 17,931	\$	15,762 1,716 17,894 35,372		
EXPENDITURES Other TOTAL EXPENDITURES		21,029 21,029	 -	 11,929 11,929		32,958 32,958		
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(4,853)	 1,265	 6,002		2,414		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in Transfers (out)		28,598 -	 29,460 -	 -		58,058 -		
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		28,598	 29,460	 -		58,058		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		23,745	30,725	6,002		60,472		
FUND BALANCES, JULY 1		520,898	 255,480	 26,090		802,468		
FUND BALANCES, JUNE 30	\$	544,643	\$ 286,205	\$ 32,092	\$	862,940		

Special Revenue Funds

Special revenue funds are established to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than fiduciary trusts or for major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specific purposes.

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS JUNE 30, 2020

	D.	A.R.E.	DBG ⁻ und	TIF		Homeland Security Grant		Dangerous Buildings		Pass Through LAMB Grant			Total
ASSETS													
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	6,234	\$ 449	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	6,683
Note receivable		-	-		-		-		-		400,000		400,000
Due from other funds		-	 -		120,477		10,283		7,569		-		138,329
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	6,234	\$ 449	\$	120,477	\$	10,283	\$	7,569	\$	400,000	\$ 5	545,012
LIABILITIES													
Due to other funds	\$	369	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	369
TOTAL LIABILITIES		369	 -		-		-		-				369
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) Nonspendable		-	-		-		-		-		-		-
Restricted		5,865	449		120,477		10,283		-		400,000	Ę	537,074
Committed		-	-		-		-		7,569		-		7,569
Assigned		-	-		-		-		-		-		-
Unassigned		-	 -		-		-		-		-		-
TOTAL FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)		5,865	449		120,477		10,283		7,569		400,000	Ę	544,643
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)	\$	6,234	\$ 449	\$	120,477	\$	10,283	\$	7,569	\$	400,000	\$ {	545,012

COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUES FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	A	A.R.E.	DBG	TIF		omeland Security Grant	ingerous uildings	Pass Through LAMB Grant	Tot	tal
REVENUES Intergovernmental Interest income	\$	- 411	\$ - 3	\$ - -	\$	15,762 -	\$ -	\$ - -	\$ 15	5,762 414
TOTAL REVENUES		411	 3			15,762	 -		16	6,176
EXPENDITURES Other TOTAL EXPENDITURES		-	 -			-	 21,029 21,029			1,029 1,029
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		411	 3			15,762	 (21,029)		(4	4,853 <u>)</u>
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in Transfers (out)		-	 -	-		-	 28,598 -	-	28	3,598 -
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		-	 				 28,598		28	3,598
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT)		411	3	-		15,762	7,569	-	23	3,745
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT) - JULY 1		5,454	 446	120,477	<u> </u>	(5,479)	 -	400,000	520),898
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT) - JUNE 30	\$	5,865	\$ 449	\$ 120,477	\$	10,283	\$ 7,569	\$ 400,000	\$ 544	1,643

Capital Projects Funds

Capital projects funds are established to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities, other than those financed by proprietary or trust funds.

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS JUNE 30, 2020

	lighway quipment	Skate Park	Town Clock	Police Cruiser	Capital Improvement Fund		
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Due from other funds TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 49,327 - 49,327	\$ 1,884 - 1,884	\$ 817 60 877	\$ 2,357 187 2,544	\$	78,784 34,726 113,510	
LIABILITIES Due to other funds TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$ 4,274 4,274	\$ <u>9</u> 9	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	
FUND BALANCES Nonspendable Restricted Committed Assigned Unassigned TOTAL FUND BALANCES	 - - 45,053 - 45,053	 - - 1,875 - 1,875	 - - 877 - 877	 - - 2,544 - 2,544		- - 113,510 - 113,510	
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$ 49,327	\$ 1,884	\$ 877	\$ 2,544	\$	113,510	

SCHEDULE G (CONTINUED)

TOWN OF LIVERMORE FALLS, MAINE

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS JUNE 30, 2020

	L	Minni uciano uth Fund	creation Field rovement	Н	Geneva odgkins lemorial Park	F	ire Dept Air Packs	 Total
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Due from other funds TOTAL ASSETS	\$	4,732 - 4,732	\$ 19,600 - 19,600	\$	- 156 156	\$	66,063 38,874 104,937	\$ 223,564 74,003 297,567
LIABILITIES Due to other funds TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$	22 22	\$ 7,057 7,057	\$	-	\$	-	\$ <u>11,362</u> 11,362
FUND BALANCES Nonspendable Restricted Committed Assigned Unassigned TOTAL FUND BALANCES		- - 4,710 - 4,710	 - - 12,543 - 12,543		- - 156 - 156		- - 104,937 - 104,937	 - - 286,205 - 286,205
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	4,732	\$ 19,600	\$	156	\$	104,937	\$ 297,567

COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	lighway _l uipment	Skate Park	own lock	Police ruiser	Capital provement Fund
REVENUES Interest income TOTAL REVENUES	\$ 264 264	\$ <u>11</u> 11	\$ 5	\$ <u>14</u> 14	\$ 452 452
EXPENDITURES Other TOTAL EXPENDITURES	 -	 -	 -	 -	 -
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	 264	 11	 5	 14	 452
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in Transfers (out)	 4,500 -	 -	-	-	 12,000 -
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	 4,500	 	 	 -	 12,000
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	4,764	11	5	14	12,452
FUND BALANCES - JULY 1	 40,289	 1,864	 872	 2,530	 101,058
FUND BALANCES - JUNE 30	\$ 45,053	\$ 1,875	\$ 877	\$ 2,544	\$ 113,510

COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Lu	Minni uciano ith Fund	creation Field rovement	Hoo Mer	neva Igkins norial ark	Fire Dept Air Packs		Total
REVENUES Interest income TOTAL REVENUES	\$	<u>27</u> 27	\$ <u>113</u> 113	\$	-	\$	<u>379</u> 379	\$ 1,265 1,265
EXPENDITURES Other TOTAL EXPENDITURES		-	 -		-		-	 <u> </u>
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		27	 113				379	 1,265
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in Transfers (out) TOTAL OTHER FINANCING		-	 -		-		12,960 -	 29,460 -
SOURCES (USES)		-	 				12,960	 29,460
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		27	113		-		13,339	30,725
FUND BALANCES - JULY 1		4,683	 12,430		156		91,598	 255,480
FUND BALANCES - JUNE 30	\$	4,710	\$ 12,543	\$	156	\$	104,937	\$ 286,205

Permanent Funds

Permanent funds are used to account for assets held by the Town of Livermore Falls, Maine that are legally restricted pursuant to Title 30-A, §5653 of the Maine State Statutes, as amended and unless otherwise specified, only earnings and not principal, may be used for purposes that benefit the Town or its citizenry. These funds have been established for various purposes including the provision and/or maintenance of the cemeteries.

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - NONMAJOR PERMANENT FUNDS JUNE 30, 2020

	Haines Corner Cemetery		Corner Rich		Richardson Cemetery		Ministerial School Fund		Library Trust			Total
ASSETS			¢	400	۴	5.004	۴		¢	0.007		
Cash and cash equivalents Due from other funds	\$	400	\$	403	\$	5,264 -	\$	- 26,035	\$	6,067 26,035		
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	400	\$	403	\$	5,264	\$	26,035	\$	32,102		
LIABILITIES												
Due to other funds	\$	-	\$	-	\$		\$	-	\$	10		
TOTAL LIABILITIES		-		-		10		-		10		
FUND BALANCES												
Nonspendable		_		_		_		_		_		
Restricted		400		403		5,254		26,035		32,092		
Committed		-		-		- 0,20		- 20,000		-		
Assigned		-		-		-		-		_		
Unassigned		_		_		_		_		_		
TOTAL FUND BALANCES		400		403		5,254		26,035		32,092		
						0,201				,		
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	400	\$	403	\$	5,264	\$	26,035	\$	32,102		

COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR PERMANENT FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Haines Corner Cemetery		 ardson metery	Ministerial School Fund		Library Trust		 Total	
REVENUES Interest income Charges for services	\$	3	\$ 3	\$	31	\$	- 17,894	\$ 37 17,894	
TOTAL REVENUES		3	 3		31		17,894	 17,931	
EXPENDITURES Other TOTAL EXPENDITURES		-	 -		-		11,929 11,929	 11,929 11,929	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		3	3		31		5,965	6,002	
FUND BALANCES - JULY 1		397	 400		5,223		20,070	 26,090	
FUND BALANCES - JUNE 30	\$	400	\$ 403	\$	5,254	\$	26,035	\$ 32,092	

General Capital Assets

General capital assets are those assets related to activities reported in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net position.

SCHEDULE OF GENERAL CAPITAL ASSETS BY FUNCTION JUNE 30, 2020

	Nor	Land and n-depreciable Assets	lm	uildings, Building provements and nd Improvements	F Ed	urniture, Fixtures, quipment d Vehicles	Infr	astructure	Total		
Administration Dispatch	\$	32,200	\$	341,200 3,000	\$	6,888 50,723	\$	-	\$	380,288 53,723	
Public safety		21,500		845,600		1,102,562		-		1,969,662	
Public works		23,200		88,631		1,489,488		918,555		2,519,874	
Library	19,600			298,100	-		-		317,700		
Parks and recreation	50,000			-	-		-		50,000		
Sewer		-		1,398,500		1,822,482		918,979	4	1,139,961	
Transfer station		114,800		24,200		105,000		85,517		329,517	
Town wide		126,217		25,000	.11	11,946		-		163,163	
Total General Capital Assets		387,517		3,024,231	2	4,589,089	1	1,923,051	ę	9,923,888	
Less: Accumulated Depreciation				(2,047,972)	(3	3,853,263)		(942,717)	(6	6,843,952)	
Net General Capital Assets	\$	387,517	\$	976,259	\$	735,826	\$	980,334	\$ 3	3,079,936	

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN GENERAL CAPITAL ASSETS BY FUNCTION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Gen Cap Ass 7/1,	oital ets	A	dditions	ions	General Capital Assets 6/30/20			
Administration	\$ 38	30,288	\$	-	\$	-	\$	380,288	
Dispatch	Ę	53,723		-		-		53,723	
Public safety	1,9	59,675		9,987		-		1,969,662	
Public works	2,33	34,839		185,035		-		2,519,874	
Library	3	17,700		-		-		317,700	
Parks and recreation	į	50,000		-		-		50,000	
Sewer	4,13	39,961		-		-		4,139,961	
Transfer station	27	75,745		53,772		-		329,517	
Town wide	1	51,217		11,946		-		163,163	
Total General Capital Assets	9,60	63,148		260,740		-		9,923,888	
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	(6,52	20,263)		(323,689)				(6,843,952)	
Net General Capital Assets	\$ 3,14	12,885	\$	(62,949)	\$	-	\$	3,079,936	



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Selectboard Town of Livermore Falls Livermore Falls, Maine

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Livermore Falls, Maine, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020 and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town of Livermore Falls, Maine's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated February 14, 2023.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Town of Livermore Falls, Maine's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town of Livermore Falls, Maine's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control over financial reporting.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency or combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe that a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not necessarily designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Town of Livermore Falls, Maine's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*. We noted certain other matters that we reported to management of the Town of Livermore Falls, Maine in a separate letter dated February 14, 2023.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

RHR Smith & Company

Buxton, Maine February 14, 2023